

R-026

Most data relates to Ashford and Auburn Townships.
Entered on computer by S. Connie Halbur and Jill Kargle
Summer, 2005, and Autumn, 2006

This folder contains the following items:

- 1) **A few pages labeled “Burials” which appear to be copied from a church death register. There are 13 burials listed, spanning the period 1858 - 1872. The name of the church is not given. However, the following observations suggest that it may have been in the Dundee or Waucousta area:**
 - **A number of the persons listed were from Pomerania, Many persons in Dundee and Waucousta were from Pomerania. See R-045.**
 - **Some of the surnames in this record were common in the Dundee-Waucousta area.**
 - **Many of the given names were also common in the Dundee and Waucousta area. These names are not commonly seen in other areas, but are used repeatedly in this sample.**
 - **It was common in both Dundee and Waucousta to give multiple “first” names (usually three), as is also the case in this record.**
 - **The one more specific clue as to the origin of this record is that the pastor’s name is recorded after one entry: Pastor M. Burk. To date, we have not found a record of any area church having a pastor by that name, at that time. The churches at Dundee and Waucousta were not yet established at that time.**
- 2) **A collection of Reese’s field notes regarding Ashford Township begins on page 5):**
 - **General history of the origin of the Town of Ashford**
 - **Establishment and early development of specific churches and cemeteries**
 - **Schools**
 - **Mills**
 - **Lakes and Mill Ponds**
 - **Plat history of Ashford and Elmore**
 - **Businesses**
 - **Property ownership by early settlers; names of subsequent owners of specific properties**

- A picture from a newspaper of the town of St. Kilian, with some buildings identified by a number
 - Early Doctors of Ashford Township
 - Postmasters
- 3) An 80-page collection of Reese's field notes regarding Auburn Township (begins on page 26 of this type-written format).
[Note: Pages 57-76 of the original are missing. It is possible that a user from the time before CAHS assumed responsibility for this material placed some pages in another folder.]
- Mr. Reese numbered the pages, and added a note requesting users to keep the pages in order. This suggests that this collection was an attempt at organizing the information he had accumulated into a narrative account.
- The settlement of Crouchville. This is a narrative script covering a variety of topics.
 - Businesses; people
 - Home and Property ownership

Here begin the items found in R-026.

1. Burial Record from an unidentified church register

Two arrangements are given:

- *As listed on the record*
- *In alphabetical order*

There are a few German terms. The translation is provided in brackets, in italics. These translations were not on the record.

Note also the inconsistency in the spelling of proper names. There generally was NO SET SPELLING of proper names anywhere until about 1900.

[Sic] indicates that the item was copied exactly as written in the record, even though there appears to be a mistake.

As listed on the record:

Müller, Johann Peter. From Mirsdorf in Saxony-Coburg, born in 1785. He came to America in 1848 and had seven children, 4 boys and 3 girls. One of the boys seems to have died. Nothing is known about the grandchildren. Mr.

<p>Müller died the day before yesterday [<i>Footnote gives Aug. 12, 1858</i>] because of old age, 73 Jahre [<i>years</i>]. I preached today (Sonnabend the 14th of August, 1848) in his home. [<i>Sonnabend = Saturday.</i>] The theme was taken from Hebrews 13 & 14. “The threefold home of a Christian”:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) The home of a pilgrim: the earth 2) The rest of the pilgrim: the grave 3) The real home of the pilgrim: Heaven
<p>Wolf, Fredericka Wilhelmine was born Nov. 15, 1858, and died Aug. 10, 1860. She was 1 year, 8 months, and 5 days old.</p>
<p>Klug, Heinrich, born Nov. 7, 1803, in Pinnon, Pommern, W. Germany. He was run over by an ox cart and killed on Sept. 17 [<i>Footnote: the evening of Sept. 17</i>], at an age of 36 years, 10 months, and 10 days.</p>
<p>Wilcke, Herman Friedrich Wilhelm, infant son of Wilhelm Wilcke and Karolina geb. [<i>geboren = born</i>] Ucker. He was born Oct. 14, 1863, and died Oct. 19, and was buried Aug. 21, 1864 [<i>Sic</i>] He was 10 months and 5 days old.</p>
<p>Bülow, Wilhelm E. Friedrich, representative of his birthplace, was born May 29, 1829, and by lot [<i>was</i>] chosen for war duty. He died Jan. 24, 1865, in the hospital of Savannah at the age of 35 years, 7 months, and 25 days. When his widow was informed of his death, the pastor, Rev. M. Bark [<i>Burk?</i>], gave a eulogy on the Sunday after Easter, April 23, 1865, on Isaia [<i>Sic</i>] 55: 8-9.</p>
<p>Marquart, Augusta Wilhelmine E., infant daughter of Friedrich Marquart and Wilhelmine geb. Backhaus, born on July 29, 1863, died on April 25, and was buried April 27, 1865. She was 1 year, 9 months, and 26 days old.</p>
<p>Backhaus, Wilhelmine Aug., geb. Marquart, wife of John Backhaus, born Jan. 29, 1798, in Bernhagen, Naugard, Stettin, Provinz of Pommern, W. Germany. She died on Sept. 11, 1866, of dropsy Brustwassersucht [<i>pulmonary edema</i>]. She was buried as a Christian on Sept. 13, 1866. She was 68 years, 7 months, and 11 days old. The theme of the eulogy was taken from John 3:11</p>
<p>Backhaus, Mathilda Bertha Auguste, infant daughter of John Backhaus and his wife Johannette who was born Oct. 13, 1865 and died Sept. 13, at 4:00 PM. She was buried Sept. 17, 1866 at the age of 10 months and 17 days. Eulogy: Mark 10: “Let the children ...”</p>
<p>Klug, Emma Louise Justine, daughter of Aug. Klug and his wife Caroline geb. Sedler [<i>geb. = geboren, born</i>] born Sept. 2, 1856, died Nov. 12 at 3:30 PM, and was buried Nov. 15, 1867, at the age of 11 years and 2 months and 10 days. Eulogy: Matt. 9: 12-15.</p>

Klug, Aug., died May 30 at 10 o'clock AM, and was buried June 2, 1868. Eulogy: John 3: 16 by Pastor M. Burk.
Wolf, Karl Heinrich Aug., son of Fried. Wolf and his wife Johanna geb. Klug was born Nov. 3, 1867, died July 28 and was buried on Sunday July 31 desselben Jahres [<i>of the same year, i.e., as his death. No age given</i>]
Habeck, Karl Friedrich Wilhelm, son of Ludwig Habeck and his wife Karolina geb. Rietz, was born Jan. 3, 1850, killed by a train on Sept. 29, 1870. He was buried on Oct. 1, 1870 at the age of 20 years, 8 months, and 27 days.
Marquardt, Ester Sophia, wife of Christian Friedrich Marquardt, was born June 13, 1784, and died March 21, 1872 at the age of 77 years, 9 months, 8 days.

Alphabetical Order:

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Wilcke, Herman Friedrich Wilhelm, infant son of Wilhelm Wilcke and Karolina geb. [<i>geboren = born</i>] Ucker. He was born Oct. 14, 1863, and died Oct. 19, and was buried Aug. 21, 1864 [Sic] He was 10 months and 5 days old.
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2) (Part II of the Folder) Notes about Ashford Township

[Notes by S. Connie Halbur:

1. The word “Sic” in brackets means that the preceding word(s) appear to be in error, but have been copied as written.]
2. The comments in brackets are those of Halbur.
3. Many words in this folder were difficult to decipher.
- 4.. Internal clues below indicate that Mr. Reese wrote these notes in 1987.]

General History of the Origin of Ashford Township

This town at first [was] part of Auburn in its organization, and was set off from that town and separately organized in 1849.

The settlement was made in the summer of 1844 by Henry Barnett, Josiah Perry, and Charles Crownhardt who settled in the easterly part of the town.

On their arrival they found not a human habitation within many miles, excepting the little beginning established by Mr. Crouch the year before, in 1843.

They soon built log shanties to protect their families from exposure to the storm[s], and cleared the land for crops the ensuing year.

They had many hardships and privations to meet and overcome. The principal lumber was basswood, elm, maple, ash, hickory, oak, butternut, birch, walnut, and box elder.

The soil is clay and loam with a fine sand, producing good oats, wheat, peas, and also excellent pasturage.

The first death that occurred in Ashford was that of Mrs. Electr__ Prior [*Writing difficult to decipher*] in September of 1844 and her daughter, Mrs. Watson, died a few days after, and they were both buried in the same grave.

The first birth was in the family of Jonas E. Helmer. The first marriage was of Mr. Eleazer Cisco and Miss Fanny Prior. The first school was taught by Miss Callista colvin, in the house of J. Perry, in the summer of 1847.

The first religious meeting was held at the house of Mr. Henry Barnett, and conducted by the Rev. Mr. Sears. At the first election of the town officers, in April of 1849, Daniel D. Wilcox was elected chairman. Dr. Seth G. Pickett was elected town clerk.

Henry Degenhardt and Michael Farrell platted 12 lots, and recorded in 1896. Charles h. Vande Zande Block 1 – 10 lots., and block 2, 6 lots.

Recorded July 19, 1948

Dr. Leo Hoffman – First addition: block 1, 3 lots; block 2, 8 lots; block 3, 7 lots.

Recorded February 17, 1953

Clarks Addition: block 1, 1-18 lots

Block 2, 1-27 lots

Block 3, 1-18 lots

Recorded April 22, 1916:

Floyd Bauer Bonneville Heights – Block 1, 1-10 lots

Recorded on Dec. 16, 1959:

Wendell Heights

Block 1, 12 lots recorded March 23, 1967
 Block 2, 6 lots
 Block 3, 3 lots
 Block 4, 4 lots The Gremminger farm development
 Block 5, 2 lots
 Block 6, 6 lots
 Block 7, 6 lots
 Block 8, 5 lots
 Block 9, 5 lots

Recorded April 24, 1974:

Byron H. Pecks Addition – on August 31, 1891

Address: 114 N. Fond du Lac Ave.

Hahn's re-plat of Breyman's Addition – Registered [*No date given*]

M.B. Pecks Addition – Block 1, lot 5; Block 2, lot 1 to 6; Block 3, 6 lots; Block 4, 3 lots

McCullough, O'Brien, Orvis [*Sic. No date*]

Block 1, 1-13 lots; Block 2, lots 1-19; Block 3 lots 1-8; Block 4, lots 1-6

E.B. Roesler's Additon: Lots from 1 to 7

Registered Dec. 16, 1898

Ullrich Senn established his own private cemetery a few years after he purchased his farm – NE ¼ of Section 28. The location was on the SW ¼ of the NE ¼ of section 28, of the Town of Ashford was his cemetery. The Warranty Deed was listed on September 26, 1855. His son, John Senn, received ownership of the farm December 31, 1867.

The **Old German Methodist Church and Cemetery** was established in 1856. The cemetery is on the west side of the old store and frame church. It is northwest of Highway W, which is in the east ½ pf the NW ¼ of section 27 of the Town of Ashford. The people left the church for the Elmore Church on September 7, 1871, so under the deed reading it went back to the Senn farm. In years back, the road went right past the church and cemetery. The County Highway Department made a big curve in the road.

The Evangelical Church of the Town of Ashford and Cemetery

The land was purchased from Henry Rauch, Sr., on December 19, 1854. The location is in the SW ¼ of the NW ¼ of the Town of Ashford. [*Section number not given*] The church was razed many years ago, but the gravestores can be seen from the road. The Ashford Cemetery Association was given from Henry Barnett, consisting of ½ acre along the west side of the log school of District 2, of the Town of Ashford. The location was one the SE ¼ of the SE ¼ of Section 11 of the Town of Ashford. The log school was established about 1849-50 and was used until about 1880. The cemetery was established and used from February 28, 1862 February 25, 1879. The land was donated by Henry Barnett. The gravestores were moved after the 1879 date to the Union Cemetery without any knowledge that the people that the people were taken along from the gravesites.

The Gudex Cemetery is about 3 miles north of Campbellsport on County Trunk V and is on the west side of the road. It is overlooking a hill toward the NW railroad tracks. Tobias and Mary Ann Schupe sold one acre to of land [*Sic*] for \$20 on June 8, 1867. There is a possible chance to find more gravestones if the brush were cleaned out of the cemetery. [*Note: Most of the brush was indeed cleaned out sometime in 2004 or 2005.*]

The First Cemetery of the Town of Ashford

The Ashford Cemetery Association was organized by the early settlers because there was no cemetery in the area of Crouchville in 1845. So the people of 5 miles around came together and formed this association for the purpose of burials. The association purchased ½ acre of land from Henry Barnett which was used from February 28, 1862, until February 25, 1879. The deed reading was from only when the land was in use in the SE ¼ of the SE ¼ on Section 11 in the Town of Ashford. They built a little log school on this property which was the beginning of education in this area. The building was used for church services a few years also.

In the spring of 1880, the gravestones were taken out of the property and put in the Union Cemetery [*in Campbellsport*] along the east side of the cemetery along Highway W. There aren't any records to show that the bodies were taken out of the burial site to the new site. When you drive by the cemetery, you may see the white limestone stones along the east side of the Union Cemetery.

This research was done by Ruth Shaw Worthing, the official historian of Fond du Lac County.

The Campbellsport district Number 2 **public school** land was purchased from Sylvester Cisco for the sum of \$75 in 1883. This was for the pupils in and around the Campbellsport area west. We didn't need it because our Crouchville School was established in 1849 in the lower town [*that is, in New Cassel*]. It was purchased by the action of the Town of Ashford Board, and in July 5th, 1914, and appropriation of \$5000 was made for an addition was made for land and building from Orvis & McCullough Real Estate.

Mr. and Mrs. John Burgert purchased the school for their home in February of 1933, and lived there until she was moved to the Americana [*Home*] for old age health care. In January, 1983, purchased it for his living quarters after doing some remodeling of the home. [*The name of the purchaser is not given.*] The address is 110 Sheboygan St. West.

The **4 room high school** was too small for the public elementary and high school pupils, so the school board changed the cellar into two rooms for the purpose high school and elementary school use. It still became too small, so the Board of Education purchased an old army barracks building in 1929 and remodeled it for school use. Two rooms were remodeled and used until the new high school was built in 1935-1936. In all the years of

public education, the school boards were quite conservative in their way of planning, and it has followed through in some cases all the way up to 1986.

The Evangelical Switzer Association Church of Elmore

The lot was purchased from Ullrich Legler on April 22, 1867. They were from the original plat – 1 – 2 of block 1 which is the North Main Street in Elmore. It is still standing on the same location today. In 1893, on June 18, the people split the congregation and some went to the Methodist church, and part going to the United Church on June 18, 1893. The plat is in Section 23 of the Town of Ashford. It was used for over 30 years as a meeting place for the Town of Ashford.

The Evangelical Switzer Association of Elmore

The land for the cemetery was used after the purchase from Heinrich and Theresa Mayer on April 4, 1867, for the sum of \$20. Its location is in the NE ¼ of Section 24 of the Town of Ashford. It's east of County Highway W onto Century Drive about a quarter of a mile, and on the south side of the road.

The St. Martin Roman Catholic Church of Ashford

The German immigrants came and settled around the area of Ashford. Dr. Seth H. Pickett named the township Ashford after he received permission from the State Legislature. The reason he called the township Ashford was of the large amount of black and white of ash trees that were burned up for fertilizer.

The warranty deed reads of the church and the cemetery land was purchased on September 4, in 1847 by Anton Keifer [*Kiefer??*] and wife. It was then turned over to the parish for the sum of \$7.25 on March 3, 1851, in Volume O, page 505 for the 6 acres of land. The log church was erected in 1847. The fieldstone church was built along the side of the hill in 1870. The two-storey brick school and sisters' home was built in 1900. The two-storey brick rectory was built in 1895. When Mathias Heigl came [*as pastor*] in 1880, he established a number of [*sentence not finished*] The cross on the high hill was also established by Fr. Mathias Heigl.

The people came from the Moselle and Rhine river Valleys in Germany.

[The following notations were written on the back of the paper about St. Martin's Church in Ashford. However, they appear to be about the next topic covered: St. Kilian Parish.]

Rev. Joseph McDonald arrived Oct. 15, 1979. Left Nov. 1, 1981.

Rev. Raymond Adamsky arrived on Nov. 1, 1981. Left June, 1986.

Rev. Victor Kemmer arrived in July, 1986.

St. Kilian Church telephone – 626-2636

The Roman Catholic Church of the St. Kilian Settlement

The Roman Catholic settlers and also called the immigrants from Wuerzberg, Bavaria, where St. Kilian spread the message of salvation among the forebears through whom the inheritance of the Catholic Faith was handed down from generation to generation. That is why the church was named St. Kilian.

The 20 acres of land was given to the church by a warranty deed for \$1.00 on March 15, 1853. The land lies in the SW ¼ of the SW ¼ of section 33, and is on the NE side of the junction of Highway W and County Line Road. Balthasar Flasch was the good giver of this land.

Many of these settlers came from the roads that were built by the government army, and later by the plank roads that they built from Port Washington to Madison, and then to La Crosse. The other plank roads were from Green Bay to Madison, and from Sheboygan to Fond du Lac.

The people settled in this area in early 1847, and in the Fall of 1848, when Wisconsin became a state, they built a small log church where the cemetery crucifix now stands. The recording of the land deed is in the Register of Deeds Office in Fond du Lac, and is in Volume U, on page 377.

[The following list may have misspellings.]

The missionary priests were

Rev. Charles Schrandenbach from 1847-1849

Rev. Michael Beiter 1850-1856

Rev. Casper Rehrl 1856-1862

Rev. Francis Spath 1862-1865

Rev. H.J. Mucherhaide to December 1866

Rev. Hubert Jansen Jan. 1, 1866 – 1869

Rev. George Stricker from March, 1871 to April, 1876

Rev. John Gratza served until August 1878

Rev. Father Pius from January to November, 1880

Rev. Leonard Blum from January, 1881 to December, 1893

Rev. John M. Schmidt from January, 1894 to July, 1895

Rev. Peter J. Burelbach *[spelling?]* July, 1895 to middle of June, 1910

Rev. M. Graff from June, 1910 to September, 1910, from Theresa

Rev. Ferdinand Fallisoner Sept. 1910 to July, 1920

Rev. Roman Stoffel until December, 1920

Rev. John B. Reichel from Dec. 20, 1920 to April 4, 1964 *[A note in the margin gives his birth date: April 6, 1883.]* And because of death is buried in the parish cemetery.

Rev. Anthony Zokaitis from April 18th until his death on January 12, 1971. US WWII – chaplain. He is buried in the church cemetery.

Rev. Edgar F. Braun – on Feb. 16, 1971, until Nov. 1, 1972

Rev. Adrian Trost On Dec. 17, 1972, to Sept. 20, 1976

Rev. Arthur Kulinski arrived Sept. 20, 1976 – until Aug. 26, 1979

Rev. Ronald Kotecki from Sept., 1979 to Oct., 1979

The Lakes of Ashford Township

Lake Bernice, with an area of 33 acres and a maximum dept of 12 ft.

Location in Sections 25 & 26. It was created with a gate dam that was built 3 [ft] wide and 14 ft. long, vertical. The gates are over 3 feet wide, and the cross beam for lifting the gates is about 12 ft. in di [Sic]

Lake Bernice was created by this dam for water power in 1870 by Andreas Schrauth.

When his son, John, platted the lake, he called it Lake Bernice, after his grand daughter, Mrs. Linus Beisbier. Platted Lake Bernice shores:

Lots from 1 – 66 – Number 2

Lots from 1 - 21 - Number 1

Senn Lake – location in the southwest ¼ of Section 27. Area 26 acres, and a depth of 8 feet in a wet season.

Legler Mill Pond – area of 12 acres, with a depth of 8 feet. Location was in the southeast ¼ of Section 23. The dam and parts of the race to the mill and its foundation are still visible. [This was written by Mr. Reese about 1987.] His son, _____, started drilling a water well and after a few hundred feet stopped because he thought it would be an artesian well. It is plugged today with a large post.

Ullrich Legler Plat of Ashford-Elmore Settlement.

Original plat – lots from 1 to 8 of block 1

Lots from 1 to 8 of block 2

Lots from 1 to 8 of block 3

Legler's addition: lots from 1-7 of block 1

Lots from 1-24 of block 2

Legler's second addition: Lots 1-4 of block 1

Lots 1-9 of block 2

Ullrich Legler from the State of Wisconsin for the sum of \$2,000 – The southeast ¼ of Section 23 of Town 13, Range 18. Registered on March 12, 1857, in volume 12, p. 193.

Josiah and Calvin **The Hemmenway Brothers Mill Pond** in Section 16, of the Town of Ashford. This was the largest flooded mill pond in of County of Fond du Lac. The land was purchased on August 18, in 1858, recorded in Volume 16, page 383. The pond was about 8 feet in depth, but it covered about 180 acres of land, according to the 1860 Atlas of Fond du Lac county.

The Saw and Grist Mill of Ullrich Legler of Elmore.

He and his son purchased the southeast ¼ of Section 23 of the Township of Ashford.

[The following sentence is copied as it was written.] The settlement of Ashford at first and later State Senator retired in the settlement and called it Elmore. The settlement was platted by Mr. Legler on March 12 of 1857 is registered in Volume 12 – Page 193. The dam and saw mill was built in 1857 and the grist mill was completed in 1861.

Ransom and Calvin **Hemmenway** established a sawmill on the west branch of the Milwaukee River in the southwest ¼ of the northwest ¼ of section 15. The land was purchased on August 18 of 1858. The location of the mill and dam was west of the highway bridge on [Highway] 67 going toward Ashford. Most of the small mills discontinued at the turn of the century. They purchased 57.5 acres of the east ½ of the NE ½ of Section 16 and the SW ¼ of the NW ¼ of Section 15 Consisting of 40 acres.

Andrew Dieringer purchased from Michael Metz the SW ¼ of the NW ¼ of Section 31 of the Town of Ashford for the sum of \$500 on December 10, 1861 and consisting of 33 acres. In these years they built small dams along the spring creeks for water for the portable steam sawmills and used wood for firing the steam boiler.

Ellis Hayes purchased the east half of the SW ¼ of Section 5 of the Township of Ashford from Joel Hayes in 1866 and built a small dam and portable sawmill on the spring creek. A small part of the dam is visible and is north of the barn on the farm. Carl V. Blech owns the farm on this old site which is on Highway K. The location the east half of the SW ¼ of Section 5 of the town of Ashford. The fire number is *[sentence incomplete]*

Arthur Reisenweber established a permanent saw mill and a finish saw-and planing mill Across the road from his home. The regular saw mill is powered by a diesel engine, and the finish and planing `mill is powered by electric motors. Its location is on county Trunk Highway K in Section 8 of the Town of Ashford. The home is on the 40 acres of the SW ¼ of the SW ¼ of Section 5. Purchased in the Fall of 1950 from Michael Wacker. The saw mill *[Sic]* The finished saw mill was purchased from FdL *[Fond du Lac]* Table Company Beach Mfg Co. in Pennsylvania – September of 1952 .

The **John Brill Saw Mill** on the corner of highway BB and state highway 67. It was northeast of the Town of Ashford Hall and Salt Barn. Started in 1932 with his portable saw _____ *[word difficult to decipher – possibly rented]* 1927 purchased Howel *[Sic]* saw mill made in Minneapolis John Brill sold his saw mill about 1960 to Jerome Meyer.

Guell and Betram *[Bertram?]* Siding. 1206 Auburn & Ashford R.D. Campbellsport

Schmitts Construction and Monument On the south side of the road Highway 67 at Ashford. He started in business Oct. 1946 after coming back from service. The Cemetery Monument Business in February 1970 The fire number is 1857 *[Copied as written]*

Serwe Implement Company – John Deere Highway 67 at Ashford - RFD 1 Established business in February 1980 fire number is 1755. Farm equipment and lawn mowers and John Deere Farm and Lawn Equipment.

Ironsides, Inc. Telephone 533-4055. Manufacture batteries for different vehicles and lawn mowers and pumps. Address: 1020 State highway 67 west. West of

Campbellsport. The new addition is being developed on the northeast side of the property.

Zielke Well Drilling Phone: 533-4425

Just post Main Street in Elmore. Fire number 1941

In June of 1946 began with selling water pumps and in 1948 started with well drilling for water for private homes and farmers.

Lelz Custom Homes Tel: 533-8690 RR 1. 1010 Midland Drive – May – 1972 – Homes, garages, additions, solar systems. Fire Number 990

Thompson Electric Woodland Drive

Tom's Custom Millwork State Highway 67

Uelmen Builders 250 Century Drive – New Highway W south

Wayne's Auto Restoration 641 Lake Bernice Drive

Wild Wings Hunting and Fishing Preserve 870 Highway W west

Purchased in June, 1976, from Aaron Johnson, Inc., and has recently purchased the 40 acres from Arthur Schmid for expansion of their hunting preserve. – By Ron and Jay Nolan

Kleinhans and Boegel manufactured wagons, sleighs, buggies, cutters, farm implements, binder twine, and gasoline engines. On west Main Street in Elmore. 1908

Wolfgang Guthenberg established saloon in 1896

[The following list followed immediately after the above line. Possibly these persons bought the saloon on the given dates.]

Peter Zehren – 1907

Mathias P. Schill – 1908

John Erickson – 1927

Kiewig & Jensen – 1948

Oscar Batzler – 1949

Roy Wenzel – 1951

Roman Wenzel – last half of 1951

Clarence King – 1967

Gerald Beisbier – The B.S. Hive – 1973 *[A re-naming?]*

Richard Gready – 1980

Hard Times – Nov. 1, 1981 *[Again, a renaming?]*

Store Joseph Schultz established a store in Ashford in 1882. *[The following appear to be successive owners.]*

Martin Wittman – until December of 1890

Paul P. Scholler – in June of 1895

Peter and Amelia Brown – in June of 1903
 William and Christine Streaan – in March of 1913
 Frank and Margie Brath – on November of 1921
 Alex and Evelyn Thelen – in May of 1947
 Urbans Store on October of 1973 James E. Urban
 Address: 1927 – on Highway 67 in Ashford

Schill Motor Inc. Ashford

The garage was built in 1922 and it held the Hudson and Esser Dealership. Arnie Schill purchased the Chevrolet Dealership from Ignatius Klotz in Campbellsport.

The Doctors of the Settlement of Elmore

Dr. Nicholas Senn purchased lots 3-4 of block 1 of Legler's platted addition and built his office and home on the site in 1868. He practiced in Elmore from 1869 to 1873. He left Elmore in 1874 and practiced in St. Joseph Hospital in Milwaukee.

Dr. William Hausman took over Dr. Senn's practice in Elmore and later went to Kewaskum and finished his public practice there.

Andrew Schrauth purchased the west half of the SE $\frac{1}{4}$ of the NW $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 25 and established his **picnic grounds, saloon, and hall** on the second floor of the buildings in 1870. He built the dam and pond that was called Schrauth's Pond for his steam sawmill and grist mill. In about 1890 his son John Schrauth turned it into a turbine-powered mill and during his 51 years of operating the mill and saloon his help was Edward Rauch, Louis Petri, John Haug, Vernon Rauch, and Clarence Rothman. In 1941 he retired and built his home in New Cassel. In November, 1941, he sold the mill to Harvey Schuermann. He operated the mill for 11 years until 1952 and then sold it to Walter Spradow who took the sawmill out in 1953 and operated the grist mill until 1964. On August 12 of the same year he closed the mill and changed the property into living quarters. Getting back to the saloon operators

Herman Schrauth – 1913

John A. Schrauth – 1914 to 1941

Henry Drefahl – in 1945

Albert P. Schneider – 1952

Elmore Heights Mobile Trailer Court Established by Clayton and Marie Kohn in 1965 with four units. During the last 13 years they have developed it into a 20-unit complex. They sold it on September 1, 1978, to Kenneth Reimer from Lomira.

Louis Heisler In Section 29 established a lime kiln. From this kiln mortar, the walls of the barns and homes were use for construction of their foundations. [*Sic*]He came from Germany in 1855.

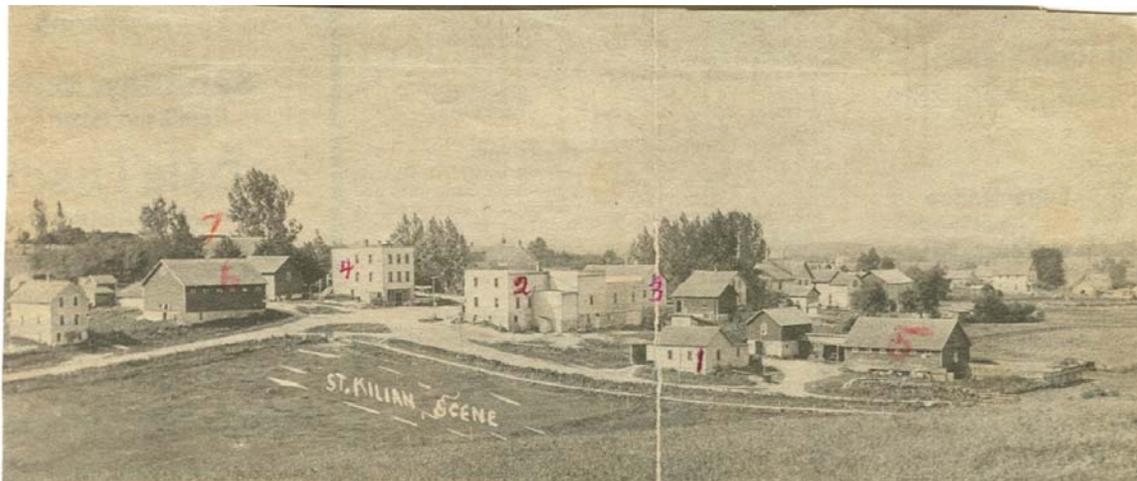
H. Haessly lived in section 23 and came from Fond du Lac in 1852 and helped many farmers built their farm barns and homes.

Walcott Bixley was a carpenter and building contractor who helped build many of the barns and homes in the Town of Ashford and the Town of Auburn. He came from New York in 1847 and lived on his farm in Section 10.

Frank Kleinhans purchased the shop from Michael Williams on March 10, 1877. Later he built a wagon shop along the side of the blacksmith shop sometime in 1895. His son Jacob was with him until 1902 and then he came to Campbellsport and purchased the Adam Pesch wagon and blacksmith shop was in the back of the Thelen and Janous Body Repair Shop of today. *[About 1983]*

The Joseph Bertram Cheese Factory on the junction of highway V and Sunset Drive, on the southeast corner. It is in the NE ¼ of the NW ¼ of Section 2 of the Town of Ashford.

THE SETTLEMENT OF ST. KILIAN



[Note the numbers 1-7, in red. These numbers were already on this undated newspaper clipping. They were probably placed there by Mr. Roderick Reese, as he refers to some of them in the following field notes. Items on the other side of this clipping suggest that the year in which it appeared in the paper was 1983.]

The Pictorial History of St. Kilian.

[The following notes do not mention a number. Possibly the numbers on the picture would be # 1 & 2.]

The St. Kilian Cheese Factory and Store was built by Joseph Strachota in 1879 and *[he]* operated it until the listing of operators.

Kilian Flasch – 1887

Joseph Zeisel – 1892

Andrew Strachota – 1900

Simon Strachota – 1924

After Simon died, Orvil [*Middle letters hard to decipher. Probably Orvil. At any rate the last name is Strachota. We have used Orvil in subsequent notes. There is a note to the right of Mr. Reese's notes: D-1940. This may be the year of Simon's death.*] operated the store and tavern until it was sold to [*blank space*] in December of 1955. It was then remodeled and they started in business on January 1st, 1956.

[Further notes on the right side of the paper are incorporated where they would chronologically belong in the notes below.]

1927 John Kleinhans

In 1946 the Kewaskum Creamery purchased the factory. Or__il Strachota operated it from 1952-1954 and then leased it to George Huberty. In a year Orvil received it back. In 1960 Orvil rented it to Kohlsville Cheese Company for 3 years. Orvil then sold it to Ralph Hiller in 1963. In 1971 Ralph Hiller sold the factory to Walter Dudaenko [*spelling?*] Walter operated the factory until t6he first of March, 1981 after struggling to keep it in operation.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacak are still operating the store and tavern as of April, 1987. The location of the store is on the northwest corner of highway W and County Line Road in Section 32 in the Town of Ashford.. The old cheese factory building is north of the store and is facing Highway W.

The factory was closed until February of 1982 and then Jerome Jaeger established a tool sharpening shop in the building.

Northwest of the cheese factory the horse barn and the livery stable are visible and the half store and frame building was for storing grain and hay for the horses. [*Probably # 5*]

A. Strobel purchased on November 6th 1882 land and built his blacksmith shop in the settlement of St. Kilian. The location was on the north side of County Line Road and in the SE ¼ of Section 32 of the Town of Ashford. Michael Williams built the first blacksmith shop in Elmore after coming from Germany in 1866 and purchased the unplatted land from Ullrich Legler.

The Rest of the Business Places in the Settlement of St. Kilian

[The numbers refer to numbers on the picture.]

(Number 4)

The Farmers Home Hotel and Tavern number 4 of the picture was located on the SE corner of Highway W and St. Kilian Drive. Sometime in the 1940's the buildings were razed and a ball diamond was established at its site. As of 1987 the ball diamond site still present.

(Number 7)

The old horse hay barn was changed into a dance hall a number of years before it was razed.

(Number 6)

The barn with the high windows was the walk in horse barn.

The 2 buildings just south was the drive in buggy barn and the grain storage barn. This property was in the township of Wayne, and in Washington County. The property was in section 4 of the Township of Wayne.

The monuments that look like tree trunks in the Roman Catholic Cemetery were from Frederick Gehl Monument Co. of West Bend at 208 Island Lane-Tel-334-3871 Today it is called the West Bend Monument Co. This information was received from Patrick Miller the undertaken from Kewaskum.

[PAGE 2 of Mr Reese's notes in this section.]

H. Wahlen saw mill location was on St. Kilian Drive west of Highway-W, and was on the South side of the road. It was in section 5 of the Township of Wayne, and in Washington County.

Antone Schedlo-Wagon and Blacksmith Shop.

It's location was on the east side of highway W, and was in section 4 of the Township of Wayne [Washington County]. The property was farther east and not on the picture. Its location was on the south side of St. Kilian Drive.

A Emmet established this saw mill before-1893 on St. Kilian Drive west of Highway W. It is in Section 5 of the Township of Wayne and in Washington County.

A Miller-It's location was on the North side of St. Kilian Drive and was next to the St. Kilian General Store. It was razed by Orvil Strachota sometime in the 1940's. It was in section 32 of the Township of Ashford, and in Fond du Lac County.

A Strobel-Blacksmith Shop with the same location as A Miller

PAGE 3

Ashford Town Hall and Garage [No notes. Page empty]

PAGE 4

Business Places of the Township of Ashford

Section 32

Joseph Strachota purchased ½ acre land sometime in 1876 from John Flasch and registered May 29th Vol-101 Page-524. It was first farm land and then in 1876 he established the Store and Saloon the cheese factory was established in 1876 this was also used in the early years as the Post Office for around St. Kilian. Joseph Zeisel purchased it in 1892 and operated it until Andwer Strachota purchased it in 1900 and after this his brother Simon Strachota purchased the business and also established the buying of Clover Alfalfa and other seeds from the farmers. After his death his wife Marie Strachota took the business over until her son Orville Strachota her son took over in 1946 and had the Cheese factory operated by different people. The warranty deed was Joseph Strachota from John Flasch on May 29th 1876 ½ acre of land. It is listed in Vol-101 and on page 524 in the Fond du Lac deeds office.

In July of 1956 the tavern and store was sold to Mr. And Mrs. ---- Jacek and their location is the northwest corner of County trunk W and County line road 1702 St. Kilian Drive –Campbellsport.

Section 23

Frank Kleinhans built this building on the Corner of NE. Main St. and River Drive in Elmore. It consisted of Saloon, store and dance hall on the second floor. This was in 1907.

Nicklaus Kohn in 1922

Mc Cullen and Mc Doumough-1923

Charles Stenbing [??] rented in –1925

Roger Rozler purchased it in 1927

Joseph Markant [*Sic*] in 1933-Herbert Cabel 1936

Louis C. Schrauth in 1945

George Schrauth in 1946

Adolf Liegl in 1950

Margaret Page 1952

Elmer Feuerhammer in 1956

He changed the dance hall on the second floor into living quarters and added a small sport shop on the back of the tavern. He sold the business to Ron and Millies in 1973.

Kaszubas Palace by Mr, and Mrs. Kaszuba in 1976.

Da and Bar took over in July of 1980

Elmer Waldoch.

570 Main St. River Drive-Elmore-Address

PAGE 5

William Lenling established Saloon and Store in 1871. Section 23 William Klumb purchased the property from him on January 6th 1890 on unplatted land where the trailer court is today. On the middle of the year Frank Kleinham moved the building on the Corner of Main St. and River Drive.

The Tavern on block-1-Lot-1 of the Legler Plat was purchased by Gustave School who established the store and saloon on this lot in 1907.

August Kaeger purchased it in 1914

Thomas Franey in 1918

Edward Sohne in 1938

Arnold Korth in 1952

Syhiester Stoffel in June of 1958 and is still in his hands. It's on the SW. corner of Main St. and Lake Bernice Drive. The small hall towards the Southeast of the home and tavern was built by Tom Franey for cock fights and then later years for public meetings and dances by Si Stoffel. He died in February in 1986 and property is in estate by Mrs. Syhnester Stoffel.

Along the West shore of Lake Bernice

Edward Reinhold from his home in 1928 built an addition in 1929 and established a Tavern.

Michael Litcher 1933

Built the large porch along the North and East side of the building-Leo Dries 1944
 Edward Wisenburg and Arther Heiden 1944
 William Paterson 1945
 Francis P. Haubon 1946
 Herbert Jahnke 1947
 Jacuback Tap 1954
 Oscar Stein 1964
 James Bidawa 1967 Juins County Squine
 Mary J. Engles 1970
 James Etychision 1971
 William Degner 1973
 Ronald Stensen 1974
 Beverly Bentley 1975 The Sand Peiper Inn.
 Emore Drive-Elmore

PAGE 6

Walter Spradoe in 1953

Eldon Rauch " 1954
 Schumkt Resort 1955
 Mary Kinzinger The Mooses Den 1975
 Drop Anchors Inn 1978

714 Lake Bernice Drive Campbellsport address

Jaeger Enterprises Sharping [*Sic*] Service at St. Kilian in the old Cheese Factory.
 117-Highway-W Sharping tools and repair power equipment.

Kloke Ready Mix-concrete

Elmore Drive-Concrete Blocks at first
 Precast waist water tile Septic Tanks-Bunk feeders tile. He started in 1946-First two years
 Harvey Schmitt was a partner.
 528-address-Elmore Drive

William A. Dreikrosen-Blacksmith and Repair Shop on the corner of State highway
 67 and Willow Lane

Address 1169 Campbellsport, horseshoeing and plowshares.
 Father started 1924 Made wagon wheels.
 Son started 1973 Welding started in the early thirties.

ASHFORD VILLAGE

Frank Thelen established the saloon and dance hall in 1850. He came from Germany at
 this time. The hall was on the second floor.

Mrs. Antone Thelen 1906
 Lourenz Rafenstein 1907
 Frank Tell 1925
 Clara Tell 1933

Michael Schill 1936
 Saeller and Klebs 1944
 Marie Scholamer 1947
 Ralph Schremer 1949
 Bernard Saurouer 1951
 Walter Bartz 1954
 Fleishmens Bar 1956
 Hintz Bar 1972-October
 Schladweiler-The Rustic Door 1977
 B.J.S- Bar and Grill
 October 5th 1979
 Location 1866 On Highway 67 on the North side in Ashford.

PAGE 7

The Town of Ashford Cheese Factory

The town line Cheese Factory was built by Barthol P. Jaeger in 1911. He became secretary and treasurer of the Factory as long as it existed. The location was in the NW. $\frac{1}{4}$ of section 15 of 20 acres of which he purchased and was registered in Vol-37 Page-316 in the F.D.L deeds office. It was directly across the river from the old saw mill of Hemenway Bros which was West of the State Highway 67 river bridge.

Golden Corners Cheese Factory –It was established by William Frederick in 1901 It's location was on the SE. Corner of the NW $\frac{1}{4}$ of the SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ of section 30 on Cloverland Drive.

The Elmore Cheese Factory was established by Wenzil Janous on April 10th 1879 and was in a half acre plat in the NW. $\frac{1}{4}$ of the SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ of section 23. It was purchased from the Legler Estate because it was the mill warehouse which was changed over for the sum of \$ 1,675. The past operations were Emil Schneider, William Michaels, and Charles Strebing.

The Harringtson Cheese Factory was established after the purchase $\frac{3}{4}$ of an acre of land for the sum of \$ 300.00 on October 29th 1890. The location was in the NW. $\frac{1}{4}$ of section two. It was on the NE. Corner of Sunset Drive and County Highway V.

The Henry Sacht Cheese Factory was directly across the road from the Harrington factory on county trunk? V.

M.P Schill cheese factory was established on the NE. corner of the State Highway 67 and the junction of Super Drive.

The Ashford Cheese factory was established by William Susses in 1891
 John M. Mauel November 6th 1899
 Peter “ “ November 5th 1900
 John Fleischman January 10th 1920

John Babler October 30th 1924-45

At this time the factory was purchased by Stella Cheese and was operated by them until 1950 when they chaced it and used the milk in the Campbellsport factory.

The property was registered in Vol-133 on Page-548

PAGE 8

The Hillside Cheese Factory was established by Thomas L. Johnson in 1906 and it's location was in N.1/2 of the NW. ¼ of the SE. ¼ of section five. It was on the SE. corner of the junction of County Trunk Y.

Adashun and James Insurance and Real estate 533-4767

Spencer Lawrenz [*Lavrenz??*] . South started in 1983 the first week in July the fine number is 803.

Victor Jaeger Shop March 1951

Rohlinger Consrtuction-533-4016

The shop on Memorial Drive started in 1972

Fine number 1079 Roy Rohlinger

Donald Grossen-

Ashford Satellite over 120 channels.

Location at 1091 Chihoakwa Lane R.R1-Campbellsport

The unit can phase in 120 channels.

Donald Grossen Tel-533-8046

Charles H. Crownhart Jr. who became Justice of the State Supreme Court, and who died on May 2nd 1930 was born April 16th 1863 in the New Cassel area.

Location: This was on Sheboygan St at the site of Mrs. Mathias Sewers home is today.

He was a normal school agent for many years. He was chairman of the Wisconsin Industrial Commision and also helped to revise the State of Wisconsin Statues.

In the real early years **Barton Road** went North and connected with Highway V and that would be where the West part of the Campbellsport High School is today.

Christian Legler-Well Drilling.

Ullrich Legler's youngest son started 6 inch well off the side of the mill race in Elmore with hard wood drilling. They stopped drilling and dropped the tools into the well and abandoned it. The cost of this engineering project bankrupt his father's assets.

PAGE 9

The Doctors of The Town of Ashford

Dr. Seth G. Pickett

He purchased the SW. corner of the E. ½ of the NE ¼ of section-13 Range 18 East.

He established his home and office on March the 20th 1863.

He purchased it from Charles Crownhart, which consisted of 25 acres registered in Vol-28 Page-551 in registered of deeds.

The second active Doctor in the Township.

The area is from Sheboygan Lane road going South from the High School. You then go West of Lovers Road until you reach Highway W. and then North to Sheboygan St.

Dr. Clement Mansden-250 North Fond du Lac Ave.

He came from New Hampshire in 1850 and established a log home and office on February 16th 1850. In 1882 February 16th he built the frame building which was remodeled in 1896 by Henry Degenhardt and Michael Degenhardt and James Farrell in 1922 as the real estate office. The home and office was rented out after James Farrell built his home on Poplar St. until James Fuller purchased it for his restaurant on February 5th 1972.

The town had **two Ashford Post Offices** in its early years because Elmore [*was*] named Ashford Village until Andrew Elmore came after retiring from the state Senate and built his home in Ashford Village and then called it Elmore a year after he purchased the lot on September 29th 1868

[No explanation is given for the following elections. The list probably refers to the office of Post master.]

Election of 1896 William Seisses-Ashford

- “ “ William Klumb-Elmore
- “ “ Andrew Strochota St. Kilian
- “ “ Michael Degenhardt-Campbellsport
- “ “ William Seisser-Ashford
- “ “ Frank Kleinhans-Elmore
- “ “ Andrew Storchota-St.Kilian
- “ “ Michael Degenhardt-Campbellsport
- “ “ William Leisser-Ashford
- “ “ William Klumb-Elmore
- “ “ Andrew Strachota-St. Kilian
- “ “ Michael Degenhardt
- “ “ Wenzil Janous-Ashford
- “ “ Frank Kleinhans-Elmore
- “ “ Frank Strobel-St. Kilian
- “ “ Michael Degenhardt-Campbellsport
- “ “ Martin Thelen
- “ “ Frank Strobel
- “ “ Frank Strobel
- “ “ Frank Kleinhans
- “ “ Michael Degenhardt.

PAGE 10

In the Ashford settlement the Town Board established Elias Walton as **Postmaster** of that area in 1852. He served in this office until 1866 when the people voted the Postmaster and Clerk into one office in the settlement of Ashford.

Peter J. Mauel served until 1888.

Special tribute to Peter Mael for his beautiful hand writing of all the records of the Townships. The first Postmaster elected in the regular election in April.

In 1889-Ullrich Kuntz-St. Kilian

“” Daniel Schrauth-Ashford

In 1890 Ullrich Kuntz- St. Kilian

“” Henry Lux-Ashford

“” Daniel Schrauth-Elmore

“” Nicholas Enfelt-Campbellsport

“” 1891 Ullrich Kuntz-St Kilian

“” Henry Lux-Ashford

“” Daniel Schrauth-Elmore

“” William Meyer-Campbellsport

At this time they held the office for two years.

“” 1895-Ullrich Kuntz-St. Kilian

“” William Leisser-Ashford

“” Frank Kleinhans-Elmore

“” Michael Deganhardt-Campbellsport

The Post Masters of The Town Of Ashford

After Ashford seceded from Auburn in 1848 Charles Crownhart was the first acting Postmaster. His store and saloon was on the Northeast corner of Barton Road and Sheboygan St. 130 West. It was a log building on the site at this time.

After about 20 years the in mail was taken to New Cassel.

After Plat Durand and John Pass established their drugstore in 1889, it became the uptown Post Office until 1917 when the Postal Dept established it in the lower floor of the Odd Fellows building by leasing the lower part of the building over a period of ten years.

PAGE 11

Old Ironsides Inc. has been operating in rural Ashford Township for almost 50 years. It lies in the N ½ of the NE. ¼ of section 15 of the Township and is on the North side of Highway 67. It is 2 ½ miles West of Campbellsport.

The offices are President-Geraldine Niemuth-Pres

Vice President-Leland Niemuth

General Maintenance-Eugene Jaeger

Supervisor-Dennes Gudex

Secretary-Eunice Beltsch

James Medinger-agent and sales manager. The new Old Ironsides plant addition has all the latest production equipment, and also a large area for storing batteries after manufacturing. The plant is all electric including heating. The large transformer is installed in the ground on the Northwest side of the new plant. The new office, toilets, lunch room, and transformer controls are built in the Northwest side of the plant.

The material dock is on the Southeast side of the warehouse. The plant is built with open steel frame roof with the insulation beneath it.

The **Town Hall** of Ashford Township

The location is on the Southeast corner of Highway 67 and Highway B B in section 16
Dedication was on September 28th 1973

The salt barn was built on the Northeast side of the garage in *[date not given]*

The salt shed was built in 1980. The salt is spread on the town roads during the winter time when icing or wet snow needs it.

PAGE 12

The Jaeger Home Appliance Shop.

The original tract of land was $\frac{3}{4}$ of an acre and owned by Jerome and Ann Crowell Jaeger. It was purchased from William and Helen Mauch Jaeger.

Jerome Jaeger built the garage in 1929 and then the house in 1930 on the $\frac{3}{4}$ acre site.

Because of an ulcer problem he started selling gasoline powered generator lighting plants for on the farms, and also wind chargers, and different appliances to his business.

In 1936 his business covered a large area of West Bend, Fond du Lac, and Antigo.

Jerome sold these appliances until he purchased the Old Ironside business in 1939 and moving the manufacturing equipment from Madison to Campbellsport.

They manufacture the lighting batteries until the mid forties. This was when the Old Ironsides name was applied to the batteries. They then started manufacturing auto, truck, tractor, commercial batteries.

In May 31st of 1963 Gerraldine and Leland purchased the plant and its personal property from her mother Ann M. Jaeger.

The open space Construction gives the air suction until a chance to handle the acid fumes with ease. The rest of the building is all of 12 inches concrete block which makes the building safe for manufacturing. The major addition is 100 by 120 and they figure that they can move in by the summer of 1985.

The Old Ironsides name was copyrighted in 1883. It's beginning was in Madison in 1917 where the batteries were used for electric lights. They were used on farms before the utility lines were built. The power was taken from wind mill generator at first, and then gasoline engine driven operators.

PAGE 13

Referring back to Jerome Jaeger Sr.

He moved to Wausau On August 1st 1939 and then came back and established his business at the present site on June 1st 1939. He then operated the manufacturing plant while a few additions were added on before he died in 1962. They purchased her grandparents farm from John Hall in 1975 for future development, and it adjoins the present property.

Some of the types of batteries manufactured are automotive, marine, native *[Sic]* power, feed carts, fork lift trucks, aerial lights, mine batteries, silage carts, and golf carts.

There major warehouse is North Fond du Lac and is managed by her brother Orvil Jaeger, and is located in North Fond du Lac. Today they employ 17 people which is a good manufacturing plant for our area. They plan on putting an addition on the present plant in the near future. The production process with 70 lb pigs of lead are melted in a smothering bed, and then poured into grids, and then pasted with led oxide. The grids are

melted into groups according to the size of the battery and then become battery cells after three days of drying, which is called hydro setting. The cells are melted together and are added according to the size of the battery container.

The battery is then sealed with an epoxy filled cover, and then the negative and positive posts are welded on top of the battery. After the battery is filled with acid there are two changing operations needed to do before the battery is washed and painted.

They started construction of the plant on July 1st 1984. The new facilities will be ready sometime in late summer because of new equipment being installed, and some of the old put in place. In two or three years they plan on building an addition on to the existing plant. Through the years they have learned a lot about manufacturing batteries, and they acquire the knowledge and equipment to establish it.

PAGE 14

Country Style Food-

In Section 19 at 1153 Pleasant Hill Drive

Rich's Lawn Care-Tel-626-2602

281 Memorial Drive R-4 Campbellsport Wisc, 53010

Fertilizing, Weed control, Lawn mowing, vacuuming, and delha taking.

Jobs done by the season or by cutting

Reasonable rates Fully insured.

Complete Maintenance and Construction of any buildings

Fire [number] 1704-

Location- Happy Hallow Road-Junction of 45

Mason Wars-Also interior and exterior work.

Al Haegler Kenneth Hrabe

Tel- 533 4604 533-8177

Design Planning

Lake Bernice Taxidermy Shop

Location 658 Spring Drive

Campbellsport Wisc, 53010

David Rochwite November 1986

Tel- (414) 533-4299 Fire number 658

New Location Across to next page *[See following entries for Schanen]*

Schanen Auto Sales and Service

Body Repair at 1948

On Highway 67 West in Ashford

Body Repair Shop

Used car and truck sales

Phone 533-4794

Earls Bicycle Service and Parts

Small engine Repair

1917 Highway 67 R-1-Campbellsport Wisc, 53010

In Ashford 533-4468

Open Monday-Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday 9:00 a.m. to 9:00 p.m.

Saturday 9:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. Closed Thursdays

Stoffel Specialty Enterprises, Ltd.

Campbellsport Wisc 53010

Location Highway 67 East

Phone 533-5141

Stoffel Specialty Enterprises Ltd. Has moved into the old-Split quick plant and have remodeled it for there ?tavern? and farm equipment sales Tel- ????

They are set up for all different types of machine repair-address???

PAGE 15

Schanen Auto Sales-Service-Body Repair

At 1948 Highway-67 West in downtown Ashford.

Complete Body Shop

Collision Repair, Frame strengthening

Custom work-restoration

Used car and truck sales

Snowplowing-Custom plowing

From large lots to small drives

Tel- 533-4794

Jays Dogs and Cat grooming

Phone 626-2506 R.F.D. Campbellsport

In the St. Kilian area

John Pagel

908 Highway B Tel 477-4294

of R.R 3 Campbellsport

He started [no further notes]

(Done in 1975)

3) (Part III of the folder) Auburn Township History**The Settlement of Crouchville**

In 1843 Ludin Crouch and his brother-in-law came from Waukesha, Wis to establish a dam site on the number two west branch of the Milwaukee River. He camped over night with a local Indian, and then left the next day for Waukesha. The Indians called this river the Meneshopen River which means, the river of clear water.

In the spring of 1845 Mr. Crouch and Mr. Howell came back from Waukesha and built a small puncheon hut about eighty feet to the east of the present home on the mill place property. In the fall of 1845 the saw mill was completed and the Hemenway Brothers managed the mill for Mr. Crouch. Steam power was used in all the mills in these early years with a vertical saw that operated up and down. They sawed every day because of the need for lumber. The lumber from this mill went as far as Fond du Lac for building because the planing mills were in the settlement of Fond du Lac in the early years. They managed the mill for Mr. Crouch for a little over ten year. This (mill place) which consisted of ten acres at this time is officially our Historical Site because it was the site of the first two buildings in Auburn which included of the town of Ashford at that time. It also sawed the lumber for the construction of hundreds of buildings in a wide area of the outer townships.

The **Hemenway** Brothers left the Ludin Crouch mill in 1856, and built their own mill on the west number one branch of the Milwaukee River and also on their eighty-six acre farm in section fifteen, and sixteen of the town of Ashford. The reason why all the saw mills were built near a dam site was because of easy water use in mill steam boilers. It wasn't until the early 1900's that the water sealed turbine unit for power was used and gasoline engines became available for power. The cup wheel was used more than any other for only grist mill grinding.

The town of Auburn was named by the Adams Brothers who came from Auburn Township New York in 1845 and named the Township in 1846.

Each brother had a farm and it's location was on highway Y west in section two, and eleven of the town of Ashford. In April of 1845 an election was held and twenty votes were cast and Mr. Crouch was elected chairman and Hiram Hatcher was elected clerk. They both held this office until the spring election of 1847. The first Fourth of July celebration in our community by the women of our early settlers in 1846 which was along the river of our present New Cassel Park. They gave the name of Crouchville to the settlement in honor of Mr. Crouch who was a school teacher that came from New York to Waukesha, Wis. The Ashford Township was called Chile the first few years and then in 1849 Dr Seth G. Pickett went to the state legislature and by legislation had the name of the township changed to Ashford. In the early years millions of trees were cut down for loam fertilizer. So because all the ash trees were used for this purpose the name Ashford was used.

Dr. Seth G. Pickett was one of the early owners of the land that was part of the village of Campbellsport. He was also the first acting doctor in the township of Ashford. By 1859 he sold all his interests in this area and practiced in the Oakfield and Byron township area. After Ashford was separated from Auburn, an election was held in April of 1847 and twenty-seven votes were cast and Thomas S Wilcox became chairman, Marvin Buckland, clerk, A W. Wheeler –assessor, Charles D Gage-tax collector- M Miller Superintendent of Schools. The Crouchville area consisted of about one-hundred and sixty acres which was platted by John Bannister of Fond Du Lac [*Sic*] who was the county surveyor at this time. The registered plat was entered on September First 1848 the year of Wisconsin's Statehood. The (Mill Place) consisted of ten acres. The mill pond

consists of twenty-three acres. The plat description: The N.W ¼ of section 18 of town of Auburn. Roswell Hill built a frame home, and barn which was on the lot 18 two of the New Cassel Plat of Block four. This was before the surveyor finished the New Cassel Plat. This was the first farm built in the town of Auburn, and Walcott Bixby was the contractor who was the first building contractor in the whole area. The early settlers of the town of Auburn and Ashford built their own roads, schools, and the historical stockade bridges. Ludin Crouch's real estate broker was John Henry Inbush from the city of Milwaukee.

To get a better picture of the development of New Cassel after 1856 Emil Brayman, and William Delarme purchased it from Mr. Inbush the N.W ¼ of section 18 of the town of Auburn for \$4,000. Registered July 29th 1857-Vol 14-P-354. Emil Brayman purchased lot two of block thirteen of New Cassel Plat on July twenty-ninth of 1856 and this was the Brayman real estate office. It was sold to the Brayman family of brothers on September seventeenth 1891. Mr. Bannister platted about ¾ of the ¼ section into seventeen blocks of sixteen lots to each block. To the east from New Cassel St. to Elm St. to the west from Sheboygan St. to the North to Spring St. to the South.

Block four consisted of four lots with one lot on the street right of way. It was closed by the village by an ordinance in 1909. Cobble stores were used for lot markers in the early years after surveying. Mr. Howells land was on the east side of the river and consisted of eighty acres. He sold forty acres to J. Herman which was the SW. ¼ of the NE ¼ of section [Section number not given]. The other forty acres was sold to E.M. Bristol. Five acres of this land the mill pond absorbed and was the NW. ¼ of the NW ¼ of the NE. ¼ of section 18 of the town of Auburn. Emil Brayman paid E.M Bristol \$13.00 for a quit claim deed for the ¼ acre of land which was used for land and gravel fill for the mill dam. It was registered on February 20th 1880. That proves that the dam was rebuilt higher at this time. The site is directly across H-67 east of the dam. Part of this land which is a small triangle on the west side of the pond is considered by law under eminent domain because it was used by all the people that purchased the farm land on the west side of the pond.

[The next phrase appears to be a heading for the sentences following it.] The abstract story of the controversial (Mill Place) and (New Cassel) Plat.

Philander Caswell purchased the NW ¼ of section 18 from Mr. Crouch in 1847 and then sold it to Marvin Buckland on July 12th in 1848 with the Mill Place of ten acres and the twenty-three acre pond water right of way for \$1,000. Orvis [???) French. The NW. ¼ of section 18 of the town of Auburn to John Henry Inbush for a quit claim deed of \$1.00 registered July 28th 1859. Mr. Inbush to Maxine and Samuel Hinsch the (Mill Place) and lots 1,2,3 of block eight on July 29th for the sum of \$3,200. William Delarme to Emil Brayman the NW. ¼ of section 18 town of Auburn for \$4,00 registered July 29th 1857.

Philander Caswell to S.J Matteson on the village of Crouchville

Block-5.H Lots 1,2,3,4,5,6 Lots Block-B-5,6,7,8 Lots

Block-7-D-1,2,3,4 Block-8-B 1,2,3,4

Block-Q-13,14,15,16 Lots

On the 26th of May 1849 for the sum of \$1,849 Henry Klode to Emil Brayman and Ernst Schliys for \$4,000. The ten acre (Mill Place) the 28th of June 1858 registered Vol 15-P-533 .

George Brenzer ½ of the (Mill Place) to J.H Inbush for a quit claim deed of \$1.00 recorded on January 11th 1861 Vol 24-P-55.

In 1856 Emil Brayman and William Delarme real estate when they purchased Crouch's real estate. *[Sic]* They changed the name to New Cassel in honor of Hesse Kassel, which was his *[probably Emil Breyman's]* birth place in Germany. Emil Brayman to Charles Detmering for the sum of 4,000 the NW. ¼ of section 10 on February 26th 1857. Joseph Bradford for the some of 1,624 the NW. ½ of section 18 June 28th 1859 registered. Brayman and Delarme to Peter Birkhauser and Robert R. Price -1/2 of lot one and two of block eight and the (Mill Place) for 11,005 on February 2nd 1862. Peter Birkhauser sold his half interest of property to Robert Price. Robert Price sold the (Mill Place) in 1868 to Orin Helmer for the sum of 5,500.

In between two wars and a depression the Mill Place became an expensive piece of property because of an inflationary period. During the next 12 years the Mill Place was in court for four years because of a mistake in surveying. This happened because the (Mill place) was not platted with the land in Crouchville. The dam and race was improved by the work of oxen and store boat by hauling large boulders which were fitted into the dam. By wagon the land fill was used to fill out the back of the dam. At this time the dam was 75' wide and six feet high. Two flush gates were built toward the east side of the dam where the deepest part of the river bed lay, and was used for the water by-pass as the dam was being built. The timbers were laid in back of the boulders vertical, and horizontal to strengthen the dam.

[Note: The page numbers given hereafter are the page numbers of the original handwritten file.]

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The *[mill]* race was approximately 16' across and was shaped like a half moon and stored out with smaller stores on the bottom. The three gates by the entrance of the pond were of two inch planks. The structure was made from heavy timbers. At the Mill their were three gates before the water went down the flume and was built the same way as the entrance gates at the pond. The race was about 200 Ft. long and took a number of years to build it. When the Hirsch Bros purchased the Mill it was turned into a grist mill, with a larger building then the saw mill. They developed the race across the road south from the Mill and established the right of way through lot one, and two of block 14 of the New Cassel Plat. The tail race was registered at the court house at Fond du Lac.

The second recite *[a list of details]* and Indenture was made the 13th day of February 1861 between John Henry Inbush of the first part and Maxion *[Sic]*, and Samuel Hirsch of the second part conveyed lands and water privileges to the said parties of the second part by deed hearing even date here with including a dam and water rights and power for the use of a saw mill in operation and flouring mill to be built at a future time. The Hirsch Bros developed the grist mill for steam engine power and for water power during the

early 1860's. They also added an addition onto the building for storage and made some changes in the structure of the building and purchased additional machinery for business. The brothers operated the mill until it was sold to John H. Reysen on the 4th of May 1874. John Reysen built a larger boiler and steam engine. The old boiler was cut in half and the flues were used for cross braces for the under stress structure of the race across the road.

Page 7 side one

It was all mortar and stone, and old iron braces. The indenture and recite of John H. Reysen who requested from the State a higher water level in the mill pond so that their water supply would be greater for power for a longer time. He was granted from a nine inch head to a twelve inch head which was three inches higher than the old dam which was established by Brayman in 1856-7. As of the present the land of the dam is the same but the village of Campbellsport has rebuilt the wings and top which is called the reiser and have lined it. The new construction was of all stone and concrete. During John Reysen's ownership the saw mill was phased out. During this time also the land fill was used from the British farm for the second time.

After ten years of operation John Reysen sold to Alpheus and P. Colburn on the 25th of July 1884. After ten years Mr Reysen sold it to Charles G. Schmidt on February 1st 1894. Mr. Schmidt sold to Christian Yancy on February 6th 1894 for the sum of \$10,000. Christian Yancy sold to W. F and Otto Prehm for the sum of \$11,000 on November 11th 1894.

William Prehm and Son purchased it on September 13th 1895 for the sum of \$7,9000. [*Sic Probably \$7,900*]

They operated the mill until 1910 and established a coal yard for the mill just east of the Chicago Northwestern railway depot. In 1910 J H Williams purchased it and operated it for two years. During this time the boiler exploded and killed one man and blew a large hole in the south wall of the boiler room on the south wall and killed one of the workers.

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In 1912 Harry H. Warden purchased the mill and installed a large gasoline engine on a concrete holding block and was used for power when the water was low in the pond. Harry Warden operated the mill until December 4th 1915 when he sold it to Royal Smith. During world war one years the mill was in operation for twenty-four hours a day for grinding flour. Mr Smith had a government contract for the army. During the time Royal Smith had the property he rebuilt the top of the dam including the riser and wings of the dam with concrete.

In 1924 the flood of the century washed out part of the western end of the dam. It was rebuilt with stone and concrete in 1925. Part of the east side the race was washed out and that was repaired in the summer of 1925. On December 12th 1927 the (Mill Place) and dam with the water rights was sold to Antone Kaehne for \$2,500. He was a retired farmer from the township of Eden. The mill was in use by Royal Smith until July of 1927. The mill stood idle for many years because of the modern diesel powered engines that operated much cheaper and the turbin type water wheel became the power energy of the past. In the summer of 1942 the old mill was razed by a wrecking contractor from Fond

du Lac. After the death of Antone Kaehne. His son John Kaehne received the Kaehne estate and lived in the home until his death on September 4th 1963 and then John's sister received the Kaehne estate. Mrs. Isodore Flood who was John's sister dies in 1969 and then her husband PAGE 9 received the estate of Antone Kaehne. After Isodore Flood's death in 1975 the estate went to Mrs. William Baumann who is Isodore Flood's daughter. The old (Mill Place) and dam plus the pond changed after the village purchased the property on February 13th 1964 with the water rights and developed it into a park. The new Cassel park is a good name because it has so much of our early history behind it.

The dam was repaired in 1963 and again in 1970. The dam was in danger of going out on the west side in April of 1975 because the land fill was being gradually washed away because the west side of the dam was not built high enough. The fire department sand bagged the whole west side of the dam to hold the land fill washing to a minimum. It took about four days before the water dropped to a safe level. In 1975 because of the condition of the concrete on the dam the Village of Campbellsport had Legend unkers from Byron a contracting engines repair the whole top of the dam, the river, the old vace by pass on the west side was extended for a better slant toward the river. The west bank of the river was dredging it. This will help fishing in the dam area also give our fire department, water fight team and additional amount of water in erve? For regular fire use. Trees and schrubs have been planted in the park.

PAGE 10 The village has planted a parking area for automobiles along the west side of Highway-67 The chamber of commerce has installed a large welcome sign and a flag pole near the parking site. It was put up by the village to fill up New Cassel Park the Mill St. Road at the Jenny St. entrance to the River St. entrance was put in the park for land fill. All the brick and rough fill from the old convent was put in the land fill including all the rough fill when they installed the natural gas line into Campbellsport. About 150 yards of top soil was needed to landscape New Cassel Park. The parking steps were purchased from Blake Ready mix and installed. The future planning for New Cassel Park has been done by the planning beyond the village. In 1929 William Henry Feber published in the Campbellsport news on November 7th about our earliest settler Ludin Crouch who was a school teacher from Waukesha and established a dam site, puncheon hut saw mill in the ten acres (Mill Place) in 1845 and which was registered in the court house as the first two buildings in Auburn and Ashford townships. William Feber asked the village board to establish a sign in honor of Ludin Crouch somewhere in the (Mill Place) area. The board never took any action on this historical site.

PAGE11

John and Jacob Langenbock New Cassel Brewery House and ice house.

Location- Lots 1,2,3,14,15,16 of block 7 of New Cassel Plat. They purchased the lots from Brayman and Delarme real estate on July 21st 1863 for the sum of \$100.00.

They first built a 28inch stored out well of spring water and a cooling wall among it for cases and kegs of beer the diameter was about 24 inches. The first part was like an igloe and had steps going up into the wood frame brewery which was built directly over the top of the well and beer? Cellar. The cellar extended east towards River St. for about 90 inches and on the end was the two door openings. It was the storage place after the beer

was manufactured. It was surprising how cool the beer cellar was. It was built completely of store and mortar with some iron braces at your stress points. John P. Husting worked with his uncle until 1869 and then purchased it from them. John operated the brewery until February 16th 1890 when it burned to the ground. The home, beer cellar and the ice house was saved as store and mortar cap was built on top of the well to enclose it. John took over the West Bend Lithia franchise from 1890 until he retired on July 19th 1916. Leo Husting purchased the home on lot-1-block-11 of New Cassel Plat address 358 East main St. on October 30th 1913 and moved into it. His son lived at the brewery home.

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Joseph Majerus took over the franchise at this time and operated the beer business until 1927 when Frank Bauer purchased the Lithia beer franchise from West Bend Lithia Co. Frank used the old brewery cellar until his warehouse and beer refrigerator was completed on railroad St. The convent purchased the buildings and land and ???word?! the buildings for the new building in 1933. The mill pond which consists of 23 acres is about 8 ½ at the foot of the dam and there is a channel up the river that is approximately 6 ½ to 7 inches deep. The whole pond has about from 3' to 5 feet of much that should be inedged out. There is some stumps and logs that should be pulled out. In 1864 John and Jacob Lauganbach used the pond for making ice for their brewery after they built an ice house for storage of ice in the summer for their refrigerated ice box. They made ice in many of the Kettle Moraine lakes for their ice house. 1869-1916 John P. Husting used the pond for ice for the beer customers In 1914 harvesting ice from the mill pond by the West Bend Brewery Co. of approximately 2,000 cakes of ice 15 inches thick in to the John P. Husting brewery ice house. This editorial was taken out of the West Bend Brewery made ice off the mill pond. The ice house was in use until 1933 when Frank Bauer built his refrigerated beer warehouse on railroad St. Many children and adults have enjoyed fishing, and much hunting and trapping on this historical mill pond which has managed to survive with the help of some good people since Mr. Crouch established it as a dam site in 1843.

PAGE 13

Casper and John Schmeider Coopers and wine makers.

On lots 3-4-5-Block 8 of New Cassel Plat. 529 Mill St. The brothers came from Germany in 1864 and built the Vineyards after they purchased the lots from John Henry Inbush on April 21st 1866 for the sum of \$500.00. Registered in Vol 42-page 255 they made wine and manufactured beer barrels for the local brewery. In the early years the power was by windmill and later by steam engine and gas engine.

They were active in business until January 30th 1874 and then sold to Adam Schmeider who operated it until September 6th 1905 and then sold to Charles Burnett who retired on July 15th 1938. Osceola farmer, Edward Burnett lived in it until 1969 when he died and the estate was sold to Raymond A Maelke [Mielke?] on June 10th 1970. The home has been rented out the past eight years. The wine cellar is in the basement of the house and the square building toward the west is where they manufactured barrels.

The Campbellsport Evangelical Church purchased lot 6-11 of block 7 of New Cassel Plat on the 7th of August in 1867 for the sum of \$ 1.00 Recorded Vol 51-P.617.

In 1868 the church was built of store and mortar on lot 11 and it was razed in 1932 for the convent building. Casper Schmeider purchased lots 4-5-7-8-9-10-12-13 of block 7 of New Cassel Plat on April 18th 1866 for the sum of \$ 500.00 was registered in Vol.42 P. 255.

The horse barn was built on lot 10 which was used for many years until the first convent was built in 1874. Father Bertram used it for years when it was moved to a different location. Father Michels purchased lot-7,8,9,10 of block 7 of the New Cassel Plat from Casper Schmeider for the new convent in 1873.

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At this time the road was built two lots to the east and lot 7 and 9 of block 7 and block 7 and 9 of block 2 was obsorbed for the road. John P. Husting and Rev Antone Michaels purchased block 1,2,3 of the New Cassel Plat from Emil Brayman on June 1st 1874. For Antone Michaels purchased from John Henry Inbush block-6- of the New Cassel Plat for the sum of \$500.00 on February 18th 1874. Recorded in Vol 69-P.116.

John P. Husting [*registered???*] Block one part of block two and lots (1,2,3,14,15,16) of block seven until after his death in estate. (Brewery Property)

PAGE 15

The serf Weis and Owin L. Helmer store. Location-Lot 15-16-in Block eight of New Cassel Plat. The lots were purchased from John Henry Inbush on September 25th in 1860 and by spring of 1861 the store was built. They were partners until 1867 when William Pool Jr. began working in the store. He worked three years as a salesman in the store and then purchased an interest in the store in the fall of 1870. In 1873 Owen Helmer sold his interests and it became Pool and Weiss store. On June 1st 1875 Mr. Weiss retired from the business he originally came from Ohio in 1860. At this time Jacob V. Harder retired from his farm and went in partnership with William Pool for twelve years until September 17th 1887. From that time on, William and Martha operated the store alone. During all this time their was two building additions added. The Owin Helmer hall was moved up to the west side of the store and used for storage warehouse. The other addition was used for farm and garden equipment it was added on toward the west of the building. The annual sales averaged about 20,000 yearly.

On the third of September 1877 he married Martha L. Angell they had three children Pamela, Arther, and Jessie. In political life he was a republican. In August of 1870 he was appointed by the U.S Postal Service as Postmaster of New Cassel and held that position until June 9th 1885 and because of a political change in U.S. Presidents to a Democrat James Mc Collough became Postmaster during two terms of office 1884 and 1888-1892-1896. The time was during president Cleveland's administration. William Pool was postmaster up until the time of his death. Mr. Pool joined the New Cassel Lodge number 258 I.O.G.T.

For several years he served as a Fond du Lac county police deputy.

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The first three years while serving as postmaster the mail came from Milwaukee by stage coach to the store.

After the railroad was built through Campbellsport in 1874 he carried the mail bags back and forth from the depot to the store by horse and buggy. He made his own mail holding pouches in the store for individual distribution. He carried the mail back and forth for 45 years without any cost to the tax payer. William Pool one of our great business men of our early years of New Cassel. Henry and Jessie Howard received ownership on April 30th 1928 and had Leila Smith operate the store until it was sold to Corny Schill developed the store and home into two double flats for living quarters and in this change the old Owen Helmer hall which was converted into a warehouse was razed??

This was the first hall that was built in the time of Crouchville and was used by the Baptist Church for services before the church was built in 1868.

For a number of years it was used for school purposes before school number 12 was built on lot 6 of block 15 of the New Cassel Plat. The records of the school could not be found but by checking the town of Auburn clerks books of meetings it dates back to the spring of 1852.

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Adam Holzauer Livery Stable. Address 533 East Main St. Location Lot-14-Block 8 New Cassel Plat.

Philip Meyer purchased the lot from John Henry Inbush on February 21st 1861 for the sum of \$70.00. Adam Holzauer purchased the lot and developed the livery stable some time in 1863. The barn was on the South side of the lot the livery stable was on the north and west side of the lot.

The stables had separate stalls for the horses. In 1886 Frank Dickman purchased the property and used it until 1894 when it was sold to John Naughton and William Murray. In 1916 Adolf Flitter purchased it and used it until 1920 when Charles Narges started a garage for automobile repair. Charles rented until the fall of 1922 and then left for Waucousta where he started his implement business and garage after purchasing the H. Bartelt wagon shop and home. Adolf and Bernard his son converted the old barn into an ice house and razed most of the stables out of the moth end. They cut ice from the mill pond from 1924 to 1946 for their ice deliver business around Campbellsport. They also cut ice for other tavern keepers around Campbellsport. In 1946 it was sold to Michael Jaeger for his storage for his storage garage. He razed the building and built his small garage on lot-13 from which he bought from Elmer Messner. This was the old Paul Tillock hardware site. Elmer Messner move this building up to the open lot next to the post office on the west side. In 1956 Michaels Jaeger sold the two lots to Stuart Fanley and Hans Prusse and after an addition was put on the garage it was called the Campbellsport Auto Body Shop.

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In 1961 Miller Machine and Tool Co of Milwaukee rented the shop until Corny Schill purchased it from Hans Prouse in 1964. Corny Schill sold the two lots to Wisconsin General Telephone Co. in 1968 for there dial system and storage equipment garage and parking lot which is on lot fourteen.

PAGE 19

Gerhart Volkerts-The first German settler in Auburn township. Farm location: The SW ¼ section 9-5 acres of the SE ¼ of the NW ¼ of section 9-165 acres. The NE ¼ of the NW ¼ of the NE ¼ of section 16- 8 acres.

Lot location: Lot 13-Block 8 of New Cassel Plat.

On the 21st of February 1861 it was purchased by John Henry Inbush for the sum of \$ 25.00. He sold it to David Gudex on June 15th 1863 and built the Tavern building on the lot and operated the tavern for ten years.

He sold it to Paul Tillocks who came from Germany in 1869 and received ownership on March 15th 1873. Paul developed his hardware and tin shop and operated it until 1892 and then sold the business to Ferdinand Diedrick March 5th. Max Korthals purchased it on October 14th 1903 and changed it into a general store. John Loeb's purchased it on November 13th 1903 and had some people from Milwaukee by the name of Laifer operate the store until February 8th 1919.

The building stood empty for a few years and then it was moved to a open lot next to the U.S. post office uptown and made a store out of ice in 1922. Lot 14 stood empty for a few years and then Michael Jager purchased it from Elmer Messner for his storage garage.

PAGE 20

Charles W. Detmering

Address: 522 East Maine St.

Location: Lot 12 of Block 8 of New Cassel Plat.

Charles purchased the lot from John Henry Inbush on February 26th 1851 for \$50.00 and sold it to Carl Seebass on June 23rd 1859 to John Inbush-January 11th 1861. Daniel Guder received by a quit claim deed and the change part of the building into a saloon. The saloon changed hands many times in the next 50 years Morris Cahil- June 20th 1894-John Becker-September 1st 1895

William J. Schill-June 1st 1896-Kewaskum band-October 29th 1897

Helen Schill February 23rd 1899-George Schmidt-September 1st 1899

Frederick Kellett-October 9th 1899-Cathrein Hoelzel-October 21st 1899

Lorenz Michel-October 2nd-1900-Jung Brewing Co.-Random Lake-June 25th-1901

John Granger-September 15th-1903-Henry Schimelfinning September 15th 1909

Mathia's Serwe-April 25th 1909 Barthol Serwe-September 8th 1922

Leo Kaehne-April 18th 1932 it was changed to a home at this time

Marthias Serwe and Leo Kaehne worked for the Chicago Northwestern Railroad for many years on the road. Leo Kaehne's son in law Arther Kahut purchased the property on April 18th 1956 and made many improvements on the home. Arther Kahut sold the property to Thomas Kaffenstein on July 17th 1973 and they have made some improvements in the home.

Page 21

Gary Michael's home

Address: 117 Water St.

Location: S ½ of lot- one and two of block of New Cassel Plat.

Amel Breyman and William Delarme-Real Estate to John Henry Inbush in 1856 to Real estate Samuel and Maxion Hirsch-February 21st 1861 to-Millers Peter Le Febgne in 1878- Painter by trade and paint shop.

William R Folts-January 2nd 1892 to New Cassel's first Veterinarian.

Alfons Colburn-October 16th 189- Miller

I.C Seely-October 24th-1892-to Charles G. Schmidt-February 1st 1894 to Storekeeper-Campbellsport

Chritian Yancy-November 1st 1894 retired Town of Ashford farmer Millwright.

W. T Prehn August 13th 1895 to

John Ketter February 1896 to

P. G. Van Blarcom March 26th 1900 to

Magdalena Lade October 14th 1908 to Retired farmers wife town of Auburn.

Anna Lade October 6th 1942 to Daughter of Magdalena

Erin Lade November 7th 1952 to Son of Anna

Henry Hunt purchased home 1966-Retired Ashford Farmer.

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Peter Gaul-First New Cassel Tailor

Address: 514 East Main Street

Location: Lot 11 of Block 8 of New Cassel Plat.

He purchased the lot from John Henry Inbush on Ferbruary 21st 1861 and was registered on March 5th 1861 for the sum of \$ 165.00.

Mr. Gaul built the tee shaped building and tailored until his death. Mrs. Louise Gaul August 14th 1897 to

John Schaefer July 18th 1905 to He was village Marshal for 22 years.

Charles and Alfred Vande Zande-February 6th 1931-Campbellsport fine insurance Co.

Lena Lichstensteiger-November 20th 1939 to building contractors wife.

M. K Beisbier-December 1st 1939 to Ford Auto Dealer and Garage.

John Enfelt-March 21st 1950 to Retired Ashford Farmer.

Josephine Heller-May 21st 1964 to Daughter of John Enfelt.

PAGE 23

David and Marie Daley Home

Address: 129 River Street

Location: North ½ of Lot 1 and 2 of Block 8 of New Cassel Plat U.S. Government to Ludin Crouch-September 1st 1848.

Sheriffs sale-April 21st 1856 to

John Henry Inbush August 29th 1859 Real Estate to

Maxton Hersch-February 2nd 1861-Millwright

Peter Birhauser-March 17th 1865

Robert R. Price March 23rd 1865

Orin L. Helmer November 25th 1874-Stockkeeper.

Serf Weise March 23rd 1875

Sheriffs sale December 16th 1874

Phillys Lafaere April 7th 1884 to retired farmer town of Auburn.

Mary C. Clifford March 17th 1906 to

Adolf Flitter November 5th 1090 to Saloonkeeper
 Fredrick Halback May 22nd 1919 to Retired Auburn Farmer
 Herman Marquardt September 26th 1940 to retired farmer
 Adela "" October 9th 1957 to
 Fredrick Brueser May 27th 1964 to Marquardt Estate
 Jerome Gerald, Verna, Romilda Marquardt October 21st 1964
 David and Marie Duley November 3rd 1964-Regal Ware employee.

PAGE 24

Anthony Weis Home
 Address: 508 East Main St.
 Location: Lot nine and ten of Blocks 8 of New Cassel Plat
 U.S government to Ludin Crouch-September 1st 1848 to
 Sheriffs Sale by county April 21st 1856
 John Henry Inbush June 17th 1856 for \$ 75.00 Fond du Lac county treasure to
 Christopher Bach February 12th 1862
 Christian Yancy February 21st 1887 to
 Ernest Martin 1887 to
 John Dill August 21st 1892 to
 John Pool April 3rd 1894 to
 Fredrick Vohs September 1896 to
 John Pesch December 1903 to
 Katie Hecker August 6th 1923 to
 Henry D. Lichtensteiger March 11th 1947
 Lot 10 with home was John Guepes from 1862 to March 18th 1919 to Mary Guepe.

PAGE 25

Roderick J. Reese-Bottling Plant and Home
 Address: 617 and 615 East Main Street
 Location: Block 14 and Lot one of New Cassel Plat.
 Ludin Crouch September 1st 1848 to Brayman and Delarme-Real Estate July 29th 1856 to
 This is when Mr. Brayman changed the name to New Cassel.
 John Henry Inbush-February 18th 1862 to Real Estate.
 Maxon Hirsch February 20th 1862 to Miller
 Stephen Schneider March 18th 1863 to Findeisen elevator employee
 Anthony Wagner May 26th 1875 to Blacksmith and Wagon shop.
 Magdalene Schneider August 18th 1880 to
 Serrahins [*Seraphin???*] Weise September 7th 1885 to
 Nicholas C. Michaels December 27th 1888 to Farm machinery and well driller
 Christian Yancy June 26th 1894 to Ashford farmer
 William O'Brien June 26th 1894 to Tavern keeper
 Ernest T. Martin November 23rd 1894 to U.S. Postal employee
 George T. Schmidt March 20th 1896 to Musical Instrument store.
 Andrew Wilson March 20th 1896 to [*No further info*]
 John Kraemerling March 3rd 1905 to
 Ernest T. Martin- March 3rd 1906 to

1906 The Campbellsport Village Board approved of a storm sewer into the tail race
 William Harden established the soda bottling plant on April 9th 1903.
 William Harden estate December 26th 1960 to
 Mrs. William Harden estate- July 16th 1961 to
 Roderick J. Reese 1978 still operating plant.
 The first building was Roswell Hill's barn built in 1846-1966 warehouse. *[This probably means it was built in 1846, but was used in 1966 as a warehouse.]*
 The plant was the Wagon shop 1846-1968 Soaker room addition..*[Again, this probably means it was built in 1846, and in 1968 a soaker room was added.]*
 The house was the wagon wheel shop 1846-Owner Ronald Reese 1976 *[Again, Mr. Reese's notes run together, creating questions about what he meant. This probably means that in 1976 Mr. Ronald Reese was the owner.]*
Block 14 Lot 2 The house was Roswell Hills home built in 1846 and was the first farm built in the Town of Auburn.

PAGE 26

Roswell Hill's-Farm

Address: 605 East Main St.

Location Block 14 Lot 2 of New Cassel Plat.

Roswell Hill purchased the S.E ¼ of the N.W ¼ of section 18 of the town of Auburn from Charles Crownhart in 1846 and built the first farm buildings, business shops, and home in the town of Auburn. The four buildings were built by Walcott Bixby, the first frame construction contractor, and lived on a farm in the town of Ashford. Mr. Hill's second farm was the W ½ of the S.W ¼ of section 7 for \$100.00 on April 16th 1847-Recorded VOL.-C- P. 258

In 1856 Emil Brayman and William Delarme-Real Estate

Sheriffs Sale purchased by John Henry Inbush in 1862 and then sold to Summer Sweet-February 2nd 1865 to

Jacob Harder-May 28th 1892 to Retired Auburn farmer and store keeper.

Mrs. Elmira Eames -March 20th 1895 to

Thomas O'Mera *[Sic]* -January 22nd 1908 to

John Odekirk-May 1908 to retired town of Eden farmer

Martha Odekirk May 2nd 1933 to William Odekirk estate retired Ashford farmer

Mattie Yankow-Daughter- July 2nd 1947 to

Edwin Koch-June 13th-1957 to

Fredrick and Sherly *[Shirley?]* Rohnke-July 30th 1958 to

Edward Koch-March 15th 1965 to

Marvin Mumper April 9th 1969 to

Mrs. Jermie Jacobiak 1975.

The home is being rented.

PAGE 27

Gustave Lavrenz Home

Address: 551 East Main St.

Location: Block 14 Lot 3 of New Cassel Plat.

U.S Government to Ludin Crouch to

William Delarme-July 29th 1856 to
 Emil Brayman-July 25th 1857 to
 William Kurzine-February 3rd 1859 to
 John Henry Inbush-January 11th 1861 to
 William Kurzine- June 17th 1861 to Home was built
 John P. Husting- July 15th 1873 to-Beer manufacture
 Elmira Eames-March 20th 1897 to retired farmer
 John Granger-December 8th 1907 to
 The Campbellsport village board approved of closing River St. by a resolution
 established by Mr. Granger who was a board member at this time.
 Otto Dickman-April 24th 1929 to retired farmer of Auburn
 Gustave Lavrenz March 20th 1930 Still living in this home and is a retired Wisconsin
 Electric Co. lineman from the West Bend office and equipment garage.

PAGE 28

Leon and Ida Carpentier- Home

Address: 541 East Main St.

Location: Block 13-Lot1-25-New Cassel Plat

U.S. to Ludin Crouch-

Henry L. Whitman –Real Estate from Fond du Lac.

July 16th 1847 foreclosure on property March 1st 1850

Sheriffs Sale-April 21st 1856 to

John Henry Inbush-July 28th 1859 to

Sheriffs Sale of F.D.L February 4th 1861 to

John Henry Inbush January 21st 1873 to

Joseph Wenige- June 10th 1873 to

Adam Holzhauer-January 8th 1875 to

Charles Glass and Walter Glass-Harness shop from 1875 to 1898

Adam Holzhauer-May 13th 1884 to *[space]* tavernkeeper *[Meaning: Adam Holzhauer was a tavern keeper?]*

Martin Boeckler May 13, 1884 to *[space. Again, may mean that Mr. Boeckler operated the hardware store in Campbellsport]]* Hardware Store –Campbellsport.

Margaret Glass-March 16th 1906 to

Eugene and Emma Glass October 10th 1945 to

Between 1922 and 1932 the economy grocery store was operated by Helen Roth where the harness shop was on the west side of the building. Leon and Ida Carpenter operated Bud's dry cleaning business from October 10th 1945 to March of 1960. Bud has a small work shop in the South part of the home and uses the north part for his car garage. Ida retired from her office work at Fond du Lac last fall of 1977

PAGE 29

The Brayman and Delarme Real Estate office-

Address: 537 East main st.

Location: Block 13-Lot 2 of New Cassel Plat

U.S to Ludin Crouch September 1st 1848

Brayman and Delarme-Real Estate July 29th 1856 to

Mary M. Laughlin September 17th 1891 to
 Ernest and Brayman- October 1st 1891 to Joseph and Anna Rinehart-March 28th 1895 to
 retired butcher.
 Jess Richardson and Guardian for Clemitin Brayman February 25th 1911 to
 William and Herman Marquardt January 18th 1932 to
 Wilhelmina Amelia Helda Manquardt to
 Eldor Carter January 15th 1968 to Mrs. Dornbrook in 1975

Adam Holzhauer Hotel and Saloon

The second floor of the old hotel was changed over and rented in 1943 and is used for storage right now. The lower floor has been changed over for living quarters in 1976. Bernard Flitter was constable for many years and also served as justice of the peace for the village of Campbellsport. His older brother who is a retired Electric Co. trouble shooter and Bernard is operating the tavern. Alex lives at Lomira and drives back and forth to the tavern.

PAGE 30

Adam Holzhauer-Hotel and Saloon

Address: 533 East Main St

Location: Block 13-Lot 13 of New Cassel Plat

Mr. Holzhauer came from Germany in 1855 and built the first hotel in New Cassel which is the wood frame building on the west half of lot 3. The east half in the early years was a small home until Adam razed it and built the brick building with the hall on the second floor and the Saloon and living quarters on the lower floor. In 1886 the Adams House was built and was a show place for fifty years. In 1886 November 6th he sold to Frank Dickman and Frank changed the name to Eagle Hotel. He was born in Russia the 7th of March 1858 and married Miss Johanna Richland of Dodge county on April 20th 1887. On February 15th 1894 he sold the business to John Naughton and William Murray. They worked for five years together until John Naughton operated alone until 1916 when Adolf Flitter came from Sherwood, Wisc., and purchased the property. They held dances of all kinds, card parties, box socials, and a few medicine shows. This is the only hall left of the original nine halls in the village of Campbellsport.

Adolf [Flitter] and Bernard his son established an **ice cutting business** with a power machine for about fourteen years. They cut ice for tavern keepers from Lomira, Long Lake, Theresa, Kettle Moraine lake, Lake Auburn, Lake Bernice, Campbellsport Mill Pond. Adolf served on the Village board for six years and was a care taker of the Union cemetery for a number of years. After Adolf's death Bernard took over the business on December 12th 1969. The lower floor of the old hotel was repaired for small business in 1943.

Syluester Volms-Shoe store and repair shop-1944 to 1956 Universal food employee

William Jahnke “” 1956 to 1970 Came from Lomira

Robert Linsley “ “1970 to 1972 Moved to Barnes store

[Note on bottom of page”turn to lower half of next page” Possibly it continues with”Mr. Findeisen operated...”]

PAGE 31

David Loehr-Fresh Meat plant

Address: 523 East Main Street

Location: Block 13 Lot-4 and 5 of New Cassel Plat

F.M. Findeisen came from Germany in 1862 and purchased the two lots from John Henry Inbush on February 12th 1863 by a warranty deed of \$7.00 and borrowed \$5.00 from John Inbush in order to build the store. It was built in the summer of 1863 and was a wood frame building and a warehouse along lot 4. A road righ-of-way was built along the east of Lot 4 to the next street.

The Krembs and Schulten Millinery store was developed at the same time. In 1874 the brick building was constructed and the millinery store was on the west side of the new store. The living quarters was on the second floor. An observation tower *[was]* built in the middle of the store roof which was very popular at this time. The warehouse on Lot 4 was intacted *[Sic]* but an addition was put on the south side to give more storage space. Mr. Findeisen operated the store until 1908 and retired and sold his holdings to John Landt and Charles E. Thresher was manager. On May 15th of 1911 Kilian Beisbier and Michael Jaeger purchased the store. Harry J. Koch purchased the store on March 5th 1919.

The post office was in the store for a while and taken out by U.S. postal inspector from Milwaukee and put into the Campbellsport post office.

Harry Koch sold his holdings on October 17th 1925 to *[rest of the line empty]*

E.W Raiser operated it until November 27th 1927 to *[rest of the line empty]*

Frederick Trost and Lewis Scharff was partner and manager and later H. Omeil was another manager for Mr. Trost.

Frank Banholzer received the store on February 10th 1930

Frank also operated a barber shop for two years.

Victoria Timler *[Timber??]*operated the store until September 12th 1932.

PAGE 32

David Loehr-Fresh meat plant

Cora Timler *[Timber?]*-July 19th 1935

Frank Timler *[Timber?]*--May 9th 1938-The warehouse was used for a hall a few years.

Simon P. Hoffman-December 4th 1940

He developed the freezer locker plant and remodeled for more merchandise. On May the 2nd 1953 David Loehr purchased the store and installed larger freezer plant and added a large merchandise area. In 1972 he erected a large fresh meat butchery plant with a large cooler for storage of fresh meat. The meat cutting area was remodeled and changed to state regulations. The smoke house was added to the building and was insulated. The poultry and sausage processing was improved and there was additional storage room built on the north side of the plant. Some changes have been made in operation of the plant on inspections and handling.

As of 1978 the plant is still operating very well.

Research: Mrs. Krembs and Schulten operated a millinery shop in the west side of the store from February of 1863 to August of 1923 and the first few years it was on the second floor of the home of Mrs. Arnold Olderman which is on the south west corner of Jenny St. and Main St. Location- In Block 12 of Lot 1 of the New Cassel Plat.

PAGE 33

Robert Weisenburg Home

Address: 517 East Main Street

Location: Block 13 Lot 6 The East ½ New Cassel Plat

U.S. Government to Ludin Crouch-September 1st 1848

John Henry Inbush-March 15th 1861 to

F.M Findeisen –February 26th 1863 to

Ludwig Schleif-purchased Lot 6-11-Block 10 on March 5th 1861 for the sum of \$ 140.00

Recorded in Vol.24 page 208

Ludwig Schleif came from Germany in 1857 and built the home and boot shop in 1861

and operated it until it was sold to Phillips Schleif purchased the property for \$ 165.00

January 4th 1876, Vol. 73-Page 536

He operated it until February 11th 1912 and Ludwig Schleif received ownership for the

second time. By estate John J. Terry received ownership on March 17th 1926-Vol.217-

Page 348.

PAGE 34

Address: 517 East Main Street

Location: The West ½ of Lot 6 of Block 13 of the New Cassel Plat

U.S. Government to Ludin Crouch September 1st 1848

John Henry Inbush- March 15th 1861 to

F.M Findeisen-February 26th 1863 to Martin and Konrad Herbert on April 21st 1873 to

Bootshop and Saloon the brothers came from Germany in 1872 and built the boot shop

and Saloon and operated it until it was sold to Nicholas Fellenz on September 14th 1894

He operated the Tavern for six years and then sold the ½ lot and building to Kilian J.

Wondra for his development of his cheese factory. The building was turned around and

added to the factory on Lot 7. Robert uses the half lot for car parking and for wash line

posts and one picnic table for outside outings.

PAGE 35

Donald Lichtensteiger-Property

Address: 511 East Main Street

Location: Lot-7-8-10 Block 13 of New Cassel Plat.

Ludin Crouch September 1848 from U.S. Government. William Delarme and Emil

Brayman on April 21st 1856-Real Estate to John Henry Inbush-March 17th 1861 to

Ernest Girzebowski September 17th 1861 to

James Kreamer May 2nd 1864 to

Came from Germany in 1860 and operate the harness shop and was the first Catholic

church secretary and treasurer of St. Mathews. He held this office until 1869 when Jacob

Haessly on April 12th became clerk of the Parish. In 1882 he sold the shop to William

Schaefer who changed the shop into a saloon.

On September 10th 1892 John August Lippert purchased the property and the south ½ of

the saloon was made into a paint shop. Mr. Lippert was a painter by trade. On May 3rd of

1895 Christian Loose [*Spelling?*] - 1897 to April 30th the West Bend Brewery Co. took

over for nonpayment and the county took it over for tax delinquent on property.

On January 10th 1900 Mrs. Catherine Gilboay purchased the property and on September she sold the property to Kilian Wondra for the development of his cheese factory. The tavern was moved south and changed to a barn for horses and milk wagons. Kilian operated the factory until his brother purchased it on December 23rd 1914. Herman J. Wondra improved the buildings had to be changed and improved plus the factory equipment.

PAGE 36

Donald Lichtensteiger-Property

The barn and wagon facilities had to be changed to truck use and much of the equipment was changed to stainless steel. In the thirties he purchased a four wheel drive truck which was the town talk for a few years. The truck box was high and it was hard work lifting the milk cans on the truck. Martin Jaeger was one of the employees of the factory. The factory closed its operation on December 30th 1945 and then was sold to Frederick Elwing and then sold to Earl Streaan and P.A. Kramer and then on May 19th 1945 the Fordson agency was purchased from John Pesch. The factory was recovered into a garage and built on lot 7 of block 13.

Earl and Dale became partners in running the garrage for five years. They sold the Fordson agency to Ketter and Meyer Ford on January 22nd 1952. Harry Tie[??]Selle purchased the property and built the concrete block building which is still in use and also the home and lot 10 and later sold it to the First State Bank on August 19th 1955 and Earl Stream purchased it on September 30th 1955 the home and lot 10. Donald Lichtensteiger purchased it on October 4th 1955 the home from Earl Stream and Mr. Streaan moved to the new house on Sheboygan Street. The Gillbert Shoe Co. of Thiensville used the building for sixteen years and then retired back to the Thiensville. They started manufacturing March 1st 1951 baby, kids, and women's shoes.

The **Old Reliable Knitting Co.** of Milwaukee leased the former Gilbert Shoe Co. and retooled the plant. On Monday October 8th 1973 production was started and the plant was refinished on October 15th. The company has a 62 year plant with 300 employees at Milwaukee. The company manufactures washable slippers, mukluks, footlights, shetels which is all knitten [?] material. There are 31 employees as of October 1974. The supervisors are Robert Templin-branch manager, Alice Lownery-Floor lady and Phyllis Rajek-supervisor.

PAGE 37

Herman Piel-Meat Market

Location: Lot 15 and 16 in Block 13 of New Cassel Plat

Herman Piel was [operated]our first fresh meat butcher shop and slaughter house. He purchased the two lots from John Henry Inbush on January 16th 1864 for the sum of \$75.00 and built the slaughter house and butcher shop. Joseph and George Reinhart purchased the business on March 5th 187. They operated the business until the 29th of March in 1895. Joseph Reinhart operated the slaughter house alone after George retired and [it] was then sold to Ernest Brayman on. The market building was razed, but the barn was left standing and a few cows were kept in the barn. In 1941 the barn burned and the Leibel barn was moved over to the same site. In 1971 the Campbellsport Fire Department burned the barn down because of its condition.

PAGE 38

Monroe Strade - Home

Address: 504 Forest Street

Location: Block 13 Lot nine of New Cassel Plat. U.S Government to Ludin Crouch-1848
Emil Brayman and William Delarme May 16th 1856 to Real Estate.

John Henry Inbush September 17th 1861 to

James Kraemer January 23rd 1882 to Justice of the Peace

Phillip Stobel October 17th 1883 to

William Schaefer October 21st 1888 to

John Augurt Lippert September 1st 1892 to

Christian Loose May 3rd 1895 to

Peter Humskill December 16th 1895 to

Sigfried Gottschalk December 17th 1895 to

West Bend Brewing Company April 15th 1897 to

John August Leppert May 9th 1900 to Painter.

Christian and Mary Loose July 17th 1900 to

Henry Reimeyer July 12th 1902 to

Henry Goosman April 28th 1903 to

Catherine Gilboy – April 29, 1904 to

Frank Bump April 5th 1911 to Retired Town of Auburn Farmer.

Robert Farley February 19th 1921 to

Josephine Memmer June 25th 1932 to

Arnold Flitter April 14th 1936 to Carpentier by trade.

Monroe Strade-May 11th 1944 to

Worked for Stella Cheese over 25 years. He has retired since 1971.

PAGE 39

Mary C. Serwe Home

Address: 218 South Jenny Street

Location: Lot eight of Block 15 of New Cassel Plat.
U.S Government to Ludin Crouch-September 1848

Marvin Bucklin-October 30th 1848 to

Fond du Lac County April 21st 1856 to tax delinquent.

Louise Brayman August 29th 1859 to

John Henry Inbush January 11th 1861 to

Patrick Conley June 2nd 1865 to

Rudolph Zimmerman – June 21, 1865 to

He [*Zimmerman*] came from Germany in 1858 and was the first physician and surgeon in New Cassel and practiced his medical duties until his death. Dr. Zimmerman practiced in all the four townships surrounding Campbellsport, and was very popular doctor where ever he went. On January 8th 1899 purchase was made by the Evangelical church board of trustees for their minister and school. It was used until their new church and school was built on 234 Forest Street which is the minister's home address.

Mary Serwe-May 11th 1939 and then to her daughter. Mary is driving a school bus for Mr. Baumann. S.L. Pennington died in 1976 which was her husband.

PAGE 40

Chester Gilland-Home

Address: 5217 Forest Street

Location: Lot 5 & 6 Block 15 of New Cassel Plat

U.S Government to Ludin Crouch-September 1st 1848 to

Sheriff's Sale April 21st 1856 to 1861 to

John Henry Inbush March 4th 1862 to

Dominick Bach August 10th 1874 to retired Ashford farmer

David Gudex April 18th 1892 to

David C. Mayer "" "" 1921 to

Nichlaus Hurt May 15th 1917 retired Ashford farmer.

Peter J. Hilbert - Real Estate - Tax delinquent.

April 24th 1944 to

Chester Gilland January 16th 1945

Mr and Mrs. Gilland have retired from Regal Ware Inc. of Kewauskum .

PAGE 41

The Crouchville School

Address: Forest Street

Location: Block 15 of New Cassel Plat.

Ludin Crouch gave a quit claim deed for \$ 1.00 to the school board in the Spring of 1849.

The Crouchville School was built sometime in 1850 and was called School District number 12 of the town of Ashford and Auburn. *[At that time, Ashford Township was part of Auburn Township.]*

The record of the school could not be found so the research was made from town and church records of both townships and also the clerk's books of both townships.

There were many meetings of the town boards and of some churches. The most important findings were many of the old buildings which have been gone for over fifty years.

After Columbuss School number 12 was built in 1905 after the purchase of one acre of

land from Orson Raymond. The Crouchville school and lot was sold to Joseph and

Catherine Schladweiler on January 4th 1907 to George Brodzeller-January 25th 1910

George Wilson-December 14th 1910

Peter J. Hilbert-April 24th 1944

Chester Gillard-January 16th 1945

The district twelve school board were in 1907

Peter E. Uelmen-Clerk, Doctor of dentistry.

Peter Terlinden-Treasure-Town of Auburn farmer.

Henry Leibel-Director-Paper hanger-Painter and school janitor.

PAGE 42

Mary Braun Butchlich-Home

Address: 124 South Helena

Location: Lot nine- Block twelve of New Cassel Plat.

U.S. Government to Ludin Crouch-September 1st 1848 to

F.D.L. County-Tax delinquent-April 1st 1856 to

Emil Brayman and William Delarme-Real Estate July 20th 1856 to

Orvis French and Joseph Bradford-June 27th 1859 to

F.D.L County Tax deliquent July 11th 1861 to

John Henry Inbush-January 11th 1861 to home was built by Findiesen's

Ernestine Findeisen-January 8th 1879 to

Minnie Vonderheid-March 17th 1899 to

Lo [could not decipher] E. Featherby-October 12th 1900 to

Fannie Gage-May 21st 1901 to

Peter Braun- December 8th 1906 to

John " " August 26th 1932 to

Jacob " " September 6th 1932 to

Mary "" Butchlich-September 12th 1939

Mary is a retired Brittingham and Hixon employee.

PAGE 43

Irene Schommer-Home

Address: 421 East Main Street

Location: Lots 45 = 12 - 13 of Block 12 of New Cassel Plat.

U.S. Government to Ludin Crouch-September 1848 to

Christopher Bach-February 26th 1863 to

Theresa Bach-June 6th 1908 to estate

The first Catholic church services were held in this home and were held there until our first church was finished in 1868.

John and Christina Schauth-March 22nd 1924 to

They owned the grist and saw mill at Lake Bernice and also the saloon and Hall and Resort. George and Anna Theisen-March 26th 1931 Retired Ashford farmer.

Clara Bonlender- February 13th 1940 to

Peter J. Hilbert-October 14th 1943 to Real Estate.

Henry Pruess-October 9th 1954 to Stella Cheese employee.

National exchange bank of Fond du Lac-July 7th 1954 to

Henry Pruess-September 16th 1955 to

Irene Schomer-July 15th 1951.

PAGE 44

Frederick Rusch-Home

Address: 447 East Main Street

Location: Lot one of New Cassel Plat.

U.S. Government to Ludin Crouch -September 1st 1848 to

John Henry Inbush to

Frederick Rusch for the sum of \$ 4,000 on March 5th 1861

VOL.22-Page 476

Mr. Rusch established a boat and shoe shop on the corner of Jenny and Main Street and was in business until November 16th 1895 and then sold it to Elizabeth Johnson for the sum of \$ 1,000 registered VOL.32 Page 592.

PAGE 45

John P. Husting Estate

Address: 358 East Main Street

Location: Lot one of Block eleven of New Cassel Plat.

U.S.Government to Ludin Crouch-September 1st 1848 to

Breyman and Delarme-Real Estate-July 19th 1856 to

Henry L. Whiteman-May 14th 1856 to

Emil Brayman-January 11th 1861 to

Samuel and Maxon Hersch-March 17th 1863 to

Chritian Yancy-April 6th 1863 to

Henry B. Martin-Real Estate January 4th 1864 to

Christian Yancy-June 27th 1885 Retired Ashford Farmer to

Louie M. Dyer-April 1st 1895 to Retired Ashford Farmer to

Clarence D. Gage-October 30th 1913 to Retired Auburn Farmer to

John P. Husting-June 18th 1940 Estate-Retired brewer of New Cassel.

Roderick Reese-Home

Address: 353 East Main Street

Location: Lot two of Block eleven of New Cassel Plat.

Mathias and Elizabeth Kohn- May 2nd 1940 to build home

Roderick and Ruth Reese purchased home in 1945

PAGE 46

Rosella Scnmeider-Home

Address: 441 East Main Street

Location: Lot two of Block twelve of New Cassel Plat.

U.S. Government to Ludin Crouch September 1st 1848 to

F.D.L. [*Fond du Lac*] Tax delinquent April 21st 1856 to

Henry L. Whiteman-April 27th 1856 to- Real Estate F.D.L.

Charles Determing [*Sic*] - February 26th 1857 to Real Estate

Emil Brayman-July 20th 1859 to Real Estate

Carl Sebass-June 23rd 1859 to Real Estate

Orvis French-July 26th 1859 to Real Estate

John Henry Inbush-July 28th 1859 to Real Estate

Peter Schaub - Town of Auburn treasurer for many years

May 13th 1863 to Built home

William Vinstin's-April 10th 1865 to

Elizabeth Schaub April 10th 1865 to

William Schneider April 27th 1914 to

John Schmeider April 27th 1926 Retired Farmer-Real Estate

Elizabeth Beesbeer? April 26th 1926 to
 Katherine Schneider March 7th 1946 to
 Rosella Schneider who is her daughter and is still living in the home.

PAGE 47

Lewis Hendrick-Home

Address: 339 East Main Street

Location: Lot four of Block 11 of New Cassel Plat.

U.S. Government to Ludin Crouch-September 1st 1848 to

Emil Brayman and William Delarme-July 29th 1856 Real Estate

John Henry Inbush-July 13th 1862 Real Estate

Maxon and Samuel Hirsch _ March 14th 1863 Built Home and lived there while operating
 grest and saw mill at the (Mill Place)

Isaac N. Dyer-September 25th 1882

B.F.Belles-October 4th 1882

Cordon Loneland-November 9th 1889 to

Peter Van Blarcum-October 29th 1890 to

Charles Koepke-October 3rd 1890 to

Frederick Koepke-December 1st 1900 to

Gustave Koepke-September 25th 1914 to

Louis Petnce?-August 20th 1915 to

Sophia Helmer Hendricks-November 22nd 1915 to

Lewis and Mildred Hendricks-April 23rd 1953 to

Lewis Hendricks died in 1977 and Mildred has build a new home on the South Lot
 thirteen-Block eleven of New Cassel Plat and has kept renting the home of Main Street.

PAGE 48

Gordan Raymond - Red and White Store

Address: 323 East Main Street

Location: Lot seven Block eleven of New Cassel Plat.

The Red and White Store was established by Mr. Raymond in the Spring of 1932 in the
 Jacob Meyer photo gallery building which he rented and rebuilt for a store.

Four years later he purchased Lot six block eleven of New Cassel Plat

Gordon Raymond retired from the business and sold the store business to Henry and
 Betty Straub in 1965 and was called Straub Grocery.

The increase in sales called for an addition in 1968 and was finished sometime in July.

In 1973 another addition was put on the store and was finished sometime in November.
 In October of 1976 Henry and Betty purchased the old store property which Victor Del
 Ponte had developed into a double flat. This gave him a drive around and larger parking
 area and an office for his insurance business. During this time an loading dock was built
 and a two car garage and an old shed was razed near the pump house property. They
 have a very fine store for a small village. In 1979 they razed the building on the west side
 of the store and put a large addition on the store, and will be finished sometime in March
 of 1980.

[Start here](#)

PAGE 49

Dr. Eidermiller-Home and Office

Address: 340 East Main Street

Location: Lot 13 Block 10 of the New Cassel Plat.

U.S. Government to Ludin Crouch-September 1st 1848

Christian Yancy-April 22nd 1868 to Town of Ashford Farmer.

Leon Fosdick-April 12th 1873 to

O.L. Crettender April 12th 1874 to

John H. Denneston-December 28th 1875 to

Dr. Louis Eidermiller-He built a new home and office and a house barn in the back where the present garage is.

His office and surgical rooms were built on the West side and extended into Lot fourteen.

The frame building was razed in 1925 and the rest of the building was finished with stucco a new kind outside building material which is still on the building as of 1978.

It was done by our local Mason Contractor Paul Koenigs.

Dr. Louis Eidermiller was a graduate of the Medical College of Ohio and came to New Cassel in 1874.

He was our second Doctor in the settlement of New Cassel and practiced as a physician and surgeon for forty years. Dr. Eidermiller helped organize the New Cassel and Campbellsport Turnverein [*German word meaning society of gymnasts. Gymnastics was very [popular at that time.]*] and was organized on November 8th 1878. He became president of the organization for many years. The property became an estate in 1930 and John Hahn purchased it on April 12th 1930.

PAGE 50

Arther Brandt - Local Attorney Home

Address: 304 East Main Street

Location: Lot nine Block ten of New Cassel Plat.

Emil Yancy purchased the lot in 1892 to

Michael Farrel and Henry Degenhart who platted and purchased approximately 61/4 acres and opened up Elm Street to the North in 1896.

The home on the West side is their platted land and the street was platted for a forty acre road from Elm Street to Sheboygan Street. Any land East of Elm St. was the New Cassel Platted land.

Erza Eames Lot in 1899 to

A.W. Koepke in 1905 and who built the present home.

Mathias Theisen purchased it in 1913 (retired Auburn farmer) to

Arther Brandt in 1942. While in estate, he received ownership and he added on a double garage and has repaired the whole home according to his needs. Mr. Brandt is still an active attorney in the Village of Campbellsport and is the elected president of the First State Bank and is on the advisory and legal counsel. Mr. Brandt was treasure of the Campbellsport Fire Department for over eighteen years. He handled the *change [hard to decipher, may be changed]* money for the fire department picnics. He was legal council for the village of Campbellsport for many years. Mr. Brandt belongs to the twenty-five years service award members of the fire department and is one of the past presidents of

the Lions Club. He is still an acting attorney and his office is above the Schlaefer optometry building at 126 West Main Street.

PAGE 51

The William and Dora Lee-Home

Address: 523 East Main St.

Location: Lot two of Block sixteen of New Cassel Plat.

U.S.Government to Ludin Crouch-September 1st 1848

Sheriffs Sale

F.D.L. April 21st 1856 to

F.D.L. August 29th 1859 to

John Henry Inbush March 15th 1862 Real Estate

Andres Eichberg March 15th 1861 Real Estate

Frederick Rusch September 7th 1864 Boot and Shoe Shop

Michael Kelly-November 14th 1865 Retired Osceola Farmer

Christopher Kelly November 29th 1865 to

John Schneider December 28th 1866 Real Estate

Michael Schneider March 5th 1870 to

John Schneider January 29th 1889 to

Lorenzo Bump May 31st 1902 Retired Auburn Farmer

Frank Bump January 3rd 1917 Retired Auburn Farmer

John J. Terry April 12th 1924 to

Thomas E. Johnson-August 25th 1925 to

Edward Johnson May 24th 1938 to

Delbert Balch October 27th 1943 to

William Lee July 25th 1949 Retired Stella Cheese employee

Raymond Weis July 29th 1949 Tavern keeper

William and Dora Lee, Februaury to -

David G. Loehr-April 3rd 1961 Fresh meat plant.

PAGE 52

The John Leibel-Home

Address: 231 Jenny Street

Location: Lot 16 of Block 16 of the New Cassel Plat.

U.S.Government to Ludin Crouch September 1st 1848

Sheriffs Sale-F.D.L. County-April 21st 1856 and August 29th 1859 to

Louise Brayman, John Inbush, Lewis Mangold-June 21st 1861 Real Estate.

Benedict Meyer-January 23rd 1863 to [*space empty*] Farmer

David Gudex, Anna Meyer-July 3rd 1863 to

Stephen Schneider-September 20th 1870 to

John Seibel- May 20th 1874 to Painter, Paperhanger, and wagon maker

Rosina Leibel-His wife under estate-October 4th 1876 to

Henry Leibel Jr. Son was janitor of St. Mathews Church and cemetery caretaker for a number of years. Was caretaker and janitor of Columbus School Twelve and director of the school board for many years. He also worked with his father for a number of years to

Andrew and Elizabeth Straub - September of 1959 Retired Ashford Farmer

Under state the property was received by Harold and Nancy Straub September 7th 1965.

Henry Leibel Sr. February 11th 1897 to his son Jr.

He was a wagon maker by trade and also did paper hanging and painting.

He worked for over forty years making all kinds of wagons in Orson Raymonds wagon shop in Braymans addition. The shop was two stories high and was the largest shop in the whole area. The wagon shops were active until about 1925 when the auto trucks become the main reasons of the transportation. Some shops changed by making truck boxes and trailers for hauling. The shops that changed into garages for auto and truck repair remained.

PAGE 53

John Halls-Home

Address: 418 East Main Street

Location: Lot eleven of Block nine of New Cassel plat.

U.S.Government to Ludin Crouch September 1st 1848 to Sheriffs Sale

F.D.L County-April 24th 1856 to

F.D.L County August 29th 1859 to

John Henry Inbush-January 11th 1861 to

October 27th 1863 Jacob Haessly to

Was a retired farmer from the Town of Ashford and was the first secretary of St. Mathews Church and held that office for many years.

Anna Schleif-June 10th 1891 to

Matilda Zimmermann-February 16th 1893 to

Rudolph Zimmermann-September 23rd 1899 to first doctor

Adam Holzhauser-August 1st 1901 to Tavern keeper.

Rudolph Zimermann-November 10th 1903 to

Bank of Kewaskum-March 4th 1912 to

Thomas Dieringer-October 12th 1920 to

Was a retired farmer of the town of Auburn and was a member of the State Assembly for a member of years in the 1920's

Peter A. Hoffman-November 30th 1920 Campbellsport Doctor

Gustane Tunn [*Tonn?*]-January 2nd 1929 to retired Osceola farmer

Frank Tunn-November 17th 1932 to Retired Osceola farmer

Adolf Flitter-December 8th 1932 to Tavern keeper in Campbellsport

Brothers-Gust and Emil Flitter-March 25th 1940 retired Osceola Farmers

Theresia Thill-April 3rd 1940 to

John and Ruth Hall-March 3rd 1940 Retired town of Ashford Farmer

Brettingham and Hixon Lumber Company employee the last fifteen years.

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The Platt Durand Property

Address: 257 East Main Street

Location: Mr. Durand purchased the land from Melissa Peck sometime in the 1800's He was the only druggist of Campbellsport graduate druggist.

U.S. Government to Ludin Crouch September 1st 1848

F.D.L Sheriffs State April 17th 1856 to

F.D.L Sheriffs State September 1859 to

John Henry Inbush-January 11th 1861 to Real Estate

Maxon Herisch-February 13th 1862 to Miller Farmer

Christian Yancy-April 6th 1863 to Miller Farmer

Henry B. Martin-January 14th 1864 to Real Estate

Christian Yancy-January 25th 1895 to-Yancy Estate

Catherine Durand-February 13th 1923 Daughter of Mr. Yancy Estate

Haskeel Yancy- May 10th 1929-Broth of Chritian Yancy Estate

Edward Spoerl-April 28th 1939 to Blacksmith and garden equipment

Lloyd Lyneis-March 21st 1946 to for years an acting funeral director.?

Edward H. Koehn 1964 Retired Town of Scott Sheboygan county farmer

Micheal Schill-Brother of Corney Schill and worked in his brothers-----?-----

Garage at Ashford and Campbellsport for many years.

Frank Thelen and operated the Old Farmer Home Tavern for a saloon in Ashford number of years at Ashford.

[The following appears to relate to Frank Thelen.]

He came from Germany in 1850 and established the first Saloon in the same year on his farm which location was in the S.W. ¼ of the S.E. ¼ of section seventeen. Sixty-five acres. The other farm land was the N. ½ of the N.E. ¼ of section twenty-eighty acres.

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Mrs. Dorothy Kaehne –Home

Location: Lot one of Block one of Brayman addition

Address: 705 New Cassel Street

U.S. Government to Ludin Crouch September 1st 1848 to

F.D.L county tax delinquent April 26th 1856 to

Louise Brayman-September 15th 1859 to

Benedict Meyer for the sum of \$ 100.00 October 15th 1861 Town of Ashford Farmer

Conrad Handgardner – November 2nd 1870 to Town of Ashford Farmer

Joseph J. Reinhart on June 29th 1874-Mr. Reinhart came from New York to

New Cassel in 1858 and established the **fresh meat market** with his brother and

operated the slaughter house and store on Forest St. and this store on New Cassel St. for twenty-two years and sold the New Cassel Store on December 1st 1896 to John

Westenberg on December 1st 1896. The meat market was operated by John Westenberg until September 17th 1904 when it was sold to Elizabeth Mauch who **changed it into a**

home on January 9th 1906 to

Martha Jane Odekirk-November 1st 1910 to

August Golibinski-May 5th 1921 to Retired Auburn Farmer

John Tonn-September 12th 1922 to Tavern keeper and farmer

Jacob Bohlman-December 5th 1924 to

James Bohlman-April 15th 1932 to

Maude Bohlman-April 18th 1936 to

Lee Gooding administrator of property-March 12th 1942
 William and Mary Kaehne-April 7th 1944 to Retired Auburn Farmer
 Eugene and Dorthy Kaehne-May 29th 1952 to
 Eugene Kaehne-Estate to Dorthy Kaehne in 1977
 Both parties were Kewaskum Regal Wane? Employees and Dorthy is still working at
 Regal Wane Company and the three children are living with her in the home.

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William R. Folts - first Veterinarian

Address: 122 New Cassel Street
 Location: Block 1 Lots 2 and 3 of Brayman addition
 U.S. Government to Ludin Crouch September 1 st 1848
 E.D. Backer-November 10th 1849 to
 F.D.L. County delinquent tax Sheriffs Sale 1856 to
 Henry L. Whiteman -May 16th 1856 ti=o Fond du Lac Real Estate
 John Henry Inbush-July 28th 1859 to Milwaukee Real Estate
 F.D.L County delinquent tax Sheriffs Sale 1859 to
 John Henry Inbush-March 15th 1862 to
 William R. Folts-October 30th 1862 to First Veterinarian

Orson S. Raymond came from New York in 1859 and built a home on Lot 3 and the
blacksmith shop on Lot 2 which was the first Blacksmith in this area.
 In 1873 Orson built the two story wagon shop and had John and Henry Leibel and
 Andwer Theisen help to build buggies and wagons.
 Henry Dieringer and August Haffner operated the wagon shop from 1880 to October 20th
 1903.
 In the mean time Orson Raymond purchased the E.M Bristol farm of thirty-five acres and
 the J. Norman farmer which was forty acres and was the W. ½ of the N.E. ¼ of section
 eighteen of the town of Auburn.
 Orson Raymond was Columbus school chairman for many years.
 The one acre of land was on his property and was purchased in 1905
 George August Haffner purchased the shop in 1903 and operated it until his death in
 1943.
 George Haffner estate went to his son Wallace on March 4th 1944 to
 Wallace is still alive and living in Milwaukee 1978
 John Goldbach-August 22nd 1944 to retired Ashford farmer
 George Goldbach June 8th 1948 to son.
 In 1951 the old wagon shop and blacksmith shop was razed and was empty for six years.
 In June 1957 Arnold Kaelne purchased Lot two of Block one and built a *[word hard to
 decipher. May be trailor]* and small home.
 The original home on Lot 3 was sold to Jack A. Federer on June the 30th 1963 and then to
 the present owner Amos E. Chamberlin on June 22nd 1972.

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NEW CASSEL BUSINESS PLACES - 1878

1. St. Joseph Institute

2. Catholic Church-First church [*meaning the first structure built buy the Catholics of their worship*] 1869
3. Rev R. Michaels-Parsonage 1876
4. German Reformed church –1868
5. Baptist Church- 1866
6. Crouchville Elementary School-1851
7. Colburn Bros. and Company-Mill 1876
8. F.M. Findiesen-1861
9. Pool and Harder’s Store June 1st 1875
10. Folts and son-Veterinarian-1854
11. James Kremer-Harness Shop-1860
12. Adam Holzhauer-Saloon-1855
13. Orson Raymond-Blacksmith shop 1859
14. Paul Tilbock-Hardware and Tin Shop-1896
15. Charles J. Glass-Harness Shop May 8th 1875
16. Martin Herbert and Son Shoe Shop-1872
17. Joseph Westenberg-butcher Shop-1870
18. Peter Le Febyre [*Spelling*] - Paint Shop 1860
19. Dr. Loius Euidemiller-Physician December 18th 1875
20. Frederick Rusch-Boat and Shoe shop March 5th 1861
21. Michael Schneider-Findeisen elevator-1864
22. C-Schultin-Millinery Store 1864
23. John Husting-Brewery 1869

In New Cassel the building was much slower than in the Campbellsport area and it stayed that way for over fifty years because of the railroad.

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The Gilbert Shoe Company

They purchased the Strean Brothers garage on Block 13 Lot 7 of The New Cassel Plat on December 1st 1950 and after machines were installed they began manufacturing baby and kids and womens shoes. After twenty-two years of manufacturing up until September 15th 1972 they took out their machines and equipment and closed the plant. Earl Strean was the plant manager and after Earls death [*sentence ends there*]

John Pesch Fordson Agency at North Railroad Street

He received the Ford Dearborn Implement dealership from Fond du Lac on July 1st 1947 at the old electric light plant. Strean Brothers sold out the old electric light plant for one year before going down to the garage at Address: 511 East Main Street On January 22nd 1952 they sold their Dearborn? Dealership to Ketter and Meyer Ford agency.

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The weies [*word difficult to decipher, possibly Weiss*] Beer was manufactured in kegs like the beer was and was manufactured at Milwaukee and shipped by railroad to

Campbellsport and by wagon down to the plant. The six oz split brown bottle has made its name in out plant history. The first lip bottle was manufactured by the Root Glass Company of Terra Haute, Indiana and the color was more green and the glass was heavier in weight. The glass breakage became so great that a deposit had to be considered for covering the cost. In 1946 an automatic filler was installed and the water system had to be changed from a storage tank system into a pressure tank and pump system. At this time all the tanks and containers had to be stainless steel and the syrup room equipment was all glass. In the 1950's the hose lines had to be plastic and a double drainage system had to be put in. After Mr. Wardens death in 1959 Mrs. Warden managed it until her death in 1960.

In the fall of 1960 **Roderick J. Reese** inherited the plant and razed the old horse barn and built the warehouse onto the plant on the East side in 1966 and in 1970 built the soaker room onto the South side of the plant.

This gave a lot more room for storage and production. As of 1978 it is still in operation.

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Campbellsport Bottling Works

Address: 617 East Main Street

Location: Block fourteen Lot one of the New Cassel Plat.

William Warden known as Billy Pop started working at the Silver Creek Bottling Company in 1900 to learn the bottling business.

The Campbellsport Advancement Club asked Mr. Warden to establish a soda bottling plant in the Village of Campbellsport. So in 1903 he purchased the property and machinery for the manufacture of soda water and started on April 9th 1903. The barn was made for his horses and wagon and large sled because of the weight of the soda cases. The washing was done by hand with B.B shot at first because the bottles were *[word missing?]* with a spring clamp with a rubber washer on the end at first.

Shortly after in 1909 the Root Glass Company designed the bottle with an outside lip for a crown cork and the Crown Cork and Seal Company of Maryland designed the cork. At that time the foot power capping machine was available to purchase for bottling. Because of the new bottle, an automatic soaker was installed in 1912 but the bottles were washed by hand. In 1924 a semi automatic machine was installed to keep up with the new business.

Cane Sugar was used exclusively for the manufacture of the Billy Pop brand beverage. The wiese *[??? Possibly Weiss, German for white]* beer business was big during when the plant was started in 1903 until after World War one when other bottling flavors took over the business.